

KANSAS REGISTER



State of Kansas

BILL GRAVES
Secretary of State

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State of Kansas

ATTORNEY GENERAL

Opinion No. 88-167

State Departments; Public Officers and Employees—Public Broadcasting—Kansas Public Broadcasting Commission; Powers and Duties. Representative Henry M. Helgeson, Jr., 86th District, Wichita, December 19, 1988.

Pursuant to K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 75-4907(a), the Public Broadcasting Commission's powers and duties to provide "coordination and information" relate to public television and radio broadcasting, and not all telecommunications matters. Cited herein: K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 75-4905; 75-4907. RLN

Opinion No. 88-168

Counties and County Officers—Hospitals and Related Facilities—County Hospitals; Organization of the Board. Michael W. Ryan, Attorney at Law, Ryan and Ryan, P.A., Clay Center, December 19, 1988.

County hospital board members which are selected by the election method begin their official duties on the second Monday in January next following the election. The newly elected members must take the oath prescribed by law within 10 days after the election. While taking the oath is a prerequisite to assuming the duties of the office, failure to accomplish the task within the 10-day period does not create a vacancy. Cited herein: K.S.A. 13-14b10; 14-605, as amended by L. 1988, ch. 147, § 11; 19-1980 (Ensley) (repealed, L. 1984, ch. 98, § 28); K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 19-4605; 19-4607; K.S.A. 25-

313; 25-2010; 25-2023; 25-2107; 25-2120; K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 80-2508; K.S.A. 80-2509. MWS

Opinion No. 88-169

Public Health—Examination and Licensure of Optometrists—Practice of Optometry; Opticians Fitting Contact Lenses. Dr. Stanley C. Grant, Secretary, Department of Health and Environment, Topeka, December 20, 1988.

Opticians may fit contact lenses pursuant to a prescription when the fitting does not directly relate to the aiding of any insufficiencies or abnormal conditions of the eye after or by examination or testing. Cited herein: K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 65-1501; 65-2887; 65-5001 et seq. GE

Opinion No. 88-170

Corporations—Agricultural Corporations—Limitations; Nonfarming Business Exception. Linda S. Trigg, Seward County Attorney, Liberal, December 20, 1988.

Exception number three exempts farmland acquired by a corporation in the acreage as is necessary for the operation of a nonfarming business from the general prohibition against corporate ownership of agricultural land found in K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 17-5904(a). For reasons discussed herein, the acquisition of the land in question is not essential to Hancock's business of lending and finance and thus cannot be acquired under this exemption. Cited herein: K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 17-5904, as amended by L. 1988, ch. 99, § 56. GE

ROBERT T. STEPHAN
Attorney General

Doc. No. 007337

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Topeka, KS 66612-1594



Phone: (913) 296-3489

State of Kansas
SOCIAL AND REHABILITATION SERVICES

NOTICE OF MEETING

The Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services will meet at 9 a.m. Tuesday, January 10, in the SRS Staff Development Training Center, 300 S.W. Oakley, Topeka.

The scheduled agenda includes reports by SRS commissioners; a presentation by Alcohol and Drug Abuse Services; a report on KanWork by Dr. Dennis Baker, Special Assistant to the Secretary; and other items as necessary.

The public is invited to this meeting. Telephone hook-ups are provided at the following locations of Social and Rehabilitation Services offices: Chanute, Emporia, Garden City, Hays, Hiawatha, Hutchinson, Kansas City, Lawrence, Manhattan, Olathe, Osawatomie, Parsons, Pittsburg, Pratt, Salina, Topeka (area office and Docking State Office Building), Wichita and Winfield.

WINSTON BARTON
 Secretary of Social and
 Rehabilitation Services

Doc. No. 007329

State of Kansas
SOCIAL AND REHABILITATION SERVICES

FAMILY AND CHILDREN
TRUST FUND SOLICITATION

Application kits will be available for the programs listed below from the SRS area offices beginning January 3.

Program I—Continuation Grants. The programs currently receiving first, second or third year Trust Fund grants are eligible to apply for second, third, or fourth year grants. All of these applicants will be subject to the Trust Fund Guidelines being issued January 3. Each program will be notified of the maximum amount of funds available to them in 1989.

Program II—New Community Based Child Abuse and Neglect and Family Abuse Prevention Grants. Approximately five to 10 new programs will be funded in dollar amounts ranging from \$500 to \$20,000.

Applications for Program I and Program II must be submitted to the SRS area office no later than 5 p.m. February 24. Late applications will not be considered. Final award decisions will be made by the Children and Youth Advisory Committee. Successful applicants will be notified about June 15.

Pre-submission conferences will be held in Hutchinson on Wednesday, January 18; in Lawrence on Friday, January 20; and in Hays on Monday, January 23.

Questions regarding this notification should be directed to the SRS area office chief of social services; Dave O'Brien of SRS/Youth Services, (913) 296-4649; or John Pierpont, Coordinator of Children and Youth Advisory Committee, (913) 296-4656.

ROBERT C. BARNUM
 Commissioner of Youth Services

Doc. No. 007331

State of Kansas
DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION
DIVISION OF ARCHITECTURAL SERVICES

NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT
OF NEGOTIATIONS FOR
ARCHITECTURAL/ENGINEERING SERVICES

Notice is hereby given of the commencement of negotiations for architectural/engineering services for the demolition of the KPL Gas Service Boiler Plant Building at 7th and Van Buren, Topeka, and the conversion of the site into a parking lot.

Asbestos and other hazardous materials will be removed from the building prior to its demolition.

Any questions or expressions of interest should be directed to Norman Moody, Division of Architectural Services, 625 Polk, Topeka 66603, (913) 233-9367, on or before January 13.

EDWARD A. DE VILBISS, AIA
 Director, Division of
 Architectural Services

Doc. No. 007332

State of Kansas
DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION
DIVISION OF ARCHITECTURAL SERVICES

NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT
OF NEGOTIATIONS
FOR ENGINEERING SERVICES

Notice is hereby given of the commencement of negotiations for engineering services for the construction of improvements to existing parking lots on the campus of Kansas State University, Manhattan.

The work includes demolition of existing work, site preparation, regrading, paving, curb and gutter, drainage and lighting of two parking lots:

D-1 (East and West Stadium lot)
 estimated construction cost \$600,000

B-3 and 16 (North of Weber Hall)
 estimated construction cost \$1,190,000

All construction is to be undertaken during the summer vacation period and completed before the commencement of the fall 1989 semester.

Any question or expression of interest should be directed to Phyllis Fast, Division of Architectural Services, 625 Polk, Topeka 66603, (913) 233-9367, on or before January 13.

EDWARD A. DE VILBISS, AIA
 Director, Division of
 Architectural Services

Doc. No. 007333

State of Kansas

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

NOTICE OF HEARING CONCERNING
KANSAS SMALL CITIES CDBG PROGRAM

A public hearing on the proposed final statement of community development objectives and projected use of funds for the Kansas Small Cities Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Program for 1989 will be conducted at 9 a.m. Friday, January 6, in Room 529-South, State Capitol, Topeka.

Copies of the proposed final statement are available during working hours at the KDOC Small Cities CDBG Program offices, 400 W. 8th, Suite 500, Topeka 66603.

Written comments on the proposed final statement will be received for consideration in preparation of the final statement by the Kansas Small Cities CDBG Program through January 6.

HARLAND E. PRIDDLE
Secretary of Commerce

Doc. No. 007335

State of Kansas

SOCIAL AND REHABILITATION SERVICES

NOTICE OF HEARING
CONCERNING LOW INCOME
WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

In accordance with the Department of Energy regulations, dated January 1, 1986, Part VI, Sections 440.14 and 440.15, the State Economic Opportunity Programs, a section of Adult Services within the Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services, will conduct a public hearing at 9 a.m. Friday, January 13, in Room C of the State Development Training Center, Topeka State Hospital grounds, 300 S.W. Oakley, Topeka. The purpose of the hearing is to receive comments on the 1989 Department of Energy state plan and proposed program operators.

A draft copy of the 1989 plan will be available prior to the hearing by request.

All comments are to be in writing and submitted to the hearing officer. Comments will be incorporated into the minutes of the hearing. Written comments may be mailed to Jim Spano, Weatherization Program Coordinator, State Economic Opportunity Programs, West Hall, 300 S.W. Oakley, Topeka.

JAN ALLEN
Commissioner of Adult Services

Doc. No. 007330

State of Kansas

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Sealed proposals for the construction of road and bridge work in the following Kansas counties will be received at the office of the Chief of Construction and Maintenance, K.D.O.T., Topeka, until 10 a.m. C.S.T. January 12, 1989, and then publicly opened:

DISTRICT ONE—Northeast

Johnson—56-46 K-3156-01—U.S. 56, from east of U.S. 56 and Nall Avenue, drainage. (State Funds)

Shawnee—75-89 K-3460-01—U.S. 75, Kansas River Bridge, 0.5 mile north of I-70, bridge painting. (State Funds)

Wyandotte—70-105 K-1421-02—I-70, 800 feet west of 57th Street, east 2,900 feet on K-32, 0.5 mile grading, surfacing, and bridge. (Federal Funds)

Wyandotte—435-105 K-3468-01—I-435, approaches on bridge 195, northbound over the Kansas River, pavement reconstruction. (State Funds)

DISTRICT TWO—Northcentral

Clay—14 C-2511-01—County road, 2.5 miles east of Clay Center, then south 0.2 mile, grading, surfacing and bridge. (Federal Funds)

Marion—57 C-2558-01—County road, 1.2 miles east and 1.9 miles south of Hillsboro, then south 0.2 mile, grading and bridge. (Federal Funds)

Washington—101 C-2514-01—County road, 5.0 miles east and 1.3 miles north of Clifton, then north 0.1 mile, grading, surfacing and bridge. (Federal Funds)

DISTRICT THREE—Northwest

Decatur/Norton—106 K-3659-01—U.S. 383 in Decatur and Norton counties and K-261 in Norton County, 22.1 miles, recycling. (State Funds)

Norton—283-69 K-3528-01—U.S. 283, from the junction of U.S. 36 in Norton, north to the Kansas-Nebraska state line, 11.3 miles, overlay. (State Funds)

Norton—69 C-2513-01—County road, 5.5 miles south and 2.5 miles west of Norton, then east 0.3 mile, grading. (Federal Funds)

Norton/Phillips/Smith—106 K-3655-01—K-9 in Norton, Phillips and Smith counties and K-173 in Norton County, 53.4 miles, conventional seal. (State Funds)

Rooks/Osborne/Russell—18-106 K-3656-01—K-18, from the junction of U.S. 183 in Rooks County east through Osborne County to the west junction U.S. 281 in Russell County, 27.6 miles, overlay. (State Funds)

DISTRICT FOUR—Southeast

Cherokee—69A-11 K-3262-01—U.S. 69A, from the junction of K-66, then north to the junction of U.S. 69 and K-96, 7.1 miles recycling. (State Funds)

Crawford—7-19 M-1538-01—K-7, Stockpile bituminous mix at the south city limits of Girard. (State Funds)

Crawford—126-19 M-1536-01—K-126, Stockpile bituminous mix, .5 mile west of the junction of U.S. 69A. (State Funds)

Crawford—19 K-3677-01—U.S. 69, U.S. 69A and K-57 in Crawford County, 21.5 miles, overlay. (State Funds)

Linn—69-54 K-2369-01—U.S. 69, from the south junction of K-52 north to the north city limits of Pleasanton, 2.8 miles grading, surfacing and bridge. (Federal Funds)

Montgomery—39-63 M-1537-01—K-39, Stockpile bituminous mix, 1.8 miles northeast of U.S. 160. (State Funds)

Montgomery—75-63 K-3230-01—U.S. 75, from the Oklahoma-Kansas state line, north and northeast to the junction of FAS 97, 18.8 miles, overlay. (State Funds)

Montgomery—169-63 K-3314-01—U.S. 169, from the east junction of U.S. 166, east of Coffeyville, north to the south junction of K-96, 11.6 miles, overlay. (State Funds)

Montgomery/Wilson—75-106 K-3678-01—U.S. 75, from the north city limits of Independence in Montgomery County north to approximately 1/8 mile south of the junction of K-96 in Wilson County, 10.4 miles recycling. (State Funds)

Neosho—67 C-1878-01—County road, 7.0 miles east of Chanute, then east, bridge replacement. (Federal Funds)

Woodson—75-104 K-3086-01—U.S. 75 from the Wilson/Woodson county line north, 2.9 miles, grading, surfacing, and bridge. (Federal Funds)

Woodson—75-104 K-3087-01—U.S. 75, 2.9 miles north of the Wilson/Woodson county line north to the south city limits of Yates Center, 7.7 miles, grading, surfacing, and bridge. (Federal Funds)

DISTRICT FIVE—Southcentral

Barber/Harper—160-106 K-3671-01—U.S. 160, from the west city limits of Medicine Lodge in Barber County east to the west city limits of Attica in Harper County, 20.3 miles, overlay. (State Funds)

Comanche—160-17 K-3672-01—U.S. 160 in Comanche County, 35.9 miles conventional seal. (State Funds)

Cowley—18 C-2676-01—County road, 3.5 miles west of Burden, then west 4.0 miles, surfacing. (Federal Funds)

Edwards—50-24 K-3564-01—U.S. 50, from the Ford-Edwards county line east to the east city limits of Kinsley, 9.4 miles, overlay. (State Funds)

Harper—160-39 K-3575-01—U.S. 160, from the east city limits of Harper east to Danville, 6.8 miles, overlay. (State Funds)

Harper—179-39 K-3579-01—K-179, from the Oklahoma-Kansas state line north to the south city limits of Anthony, 11.1 miles overlay. (State Funds)

Kingman—42-48 K-3562-01—K-42, in Spivey east to the junction of K-14, 5.3 miles, conventional seal. (State Funds)

Pawnee/Barton—56-106 K-3670-01—U.S. 56, from the east city limits of Larned in Pawnee County east to the east city limits of Pawnee Rock in Barton County, 8.1 miles, recycling. (State Funds)

Pratt—281-76 K-3581-01—U.S. 281, from FAS 5016 north to the south city limits of Pratt, 6.0 miles, overlay. (State Funds)

Rush—4-83 K-3561-01—K-4, from the junction of U.S. 183 east to the Rush-Barton county line, 15.1 miles, overlay. (State Funds)

Rush—4-83 K-3560-01—K-4, from the Ness-Rush county line east and south to 0.5 mile east of FAS 586, 7.2 miles, slurry seal. (State Funds)

Rush—4-83 M-1535-01—K-4, approaches to bridges 20,

21 and 22 east of U.S. 183, 0.2 mile grading and surfacing. (State Funds)

Rush—96-83 K-3373-01—K-96, from the Ness-Rush county line, east to the junction of U.S. 183 in Rush County, 15.1 miles, overlay. (State Funds)

Sedgwick—87 U-1149-01—Lincoln and Oliver Streets in Wichita, traffic signal. (Federal Funds)

Sumner—49-96 K-3563-01—K-49, from the north city limits of Caldwell north to the east junction of U.S. 160, 16.6 miles, conventional seal. (State Funds)

Sumner—96 K-3674-01—U.S. 160, K-205, and K-210 in Sumner County, 10.6 miles, overlay. (State Funds)

DISTRICT SIX—Southwest

Finney/Hodgeman—106 K-3640-01—U.S. 156 and K-23, from the west junction of K-23 and K-156 in Finney County east to the junction of U.S. 283 in Hodgeman County, 32.2 miles, recycling. (State Funds)

Ford/Gray—50-106 K-3643-01—U.S. 50, from the east city limits of Cimarron east to 2.3 miles east of the Ford-Gray county line, 9.2 miles, recycling. (State Funds)

Ford/Hodgeman—283-106 K-3641-01—U.S. 283, from the east junction of U.S. 50 in Ford County north to the south city limits of Jetmore in Hodgeman County, 20.5 miles, recycling. (State Funds)

Lane—96-51 K-3589-01—K-96, from the Scott-Lane county line east to the west city limits of Dighton, 11.4 miles, overlay. (State Funds)

Meade—98-60 K-2293-01—K-98, from the junction of K-23, east to the junction of U.S. 54, 9.0 miles, conventional seal. (State Funds)

Ness—283-68 K-3600-01, U.S. 283 from the end of the pavement in Ness City north to the Ness-Trego county line, 16.7 miles, recycling. (State Funds)

Proposals will be issued upon request to all prospective bidders who have been prequalified by the Kansas Department of Transportation on the basis of financial condition, available construction equipment, and experience. Also, a statement of unearned contracts (Form No. 284) must be filed. There will be no discrimination against anyone because of race, age, religion, color, sex, handicap, or national origin in the award of contracts.

Each bidder shall file a sworn statement executed by or on behalf of the person, firm, association or corporation submitting the bid, certifying that such person, firm, association or corporation has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with the submitted bid. This sworn statement shall be in the form of an affidavit executed and sworn to by the bidder before a person who is authorized by the laws of the state to administer oaths. The required form of the affidavit will be provided by the state to each prospective bidder. Failure to submit the sworn statement as part of the bid-approval package will make the bid nonresponsive and not eligible for award consideration.

Plans and specifications for the projects may be examined at the office of the respective county clerk or at the K.D.O.T. district office responsible for the work.

HORACE B. EDWARDS
Secretary of Transportation

Doc. No. 007319

State of Kansas

LEGISLATURE

INTERIM COMMITTEE SCHEDULE

The following committee meetings have been scheduled during the period remaining from January 2 through the beginning of the 1989 legislative session (January 9):

Date	Room	Time	Committee	Agenda
January 3	123-S	10:00 a.m.	Joint Committee on State	Agenda unavailable.
January 4	123-S	9:00 a.m.	Building Construction	
January 3			Joint Committee	Cancelled.
January 4			on Administrative	
January 5			Rules and Regulations	

EMIL LUTZ
Director of Legislative
Administrative Services

Doc. No. 007334

State of Kansas

DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION
DIVISION OF PURCHASES

NOTICE TO BIDDERS

Sealed bids for the following items will be received by the Director of Purchases, Landon State Office Building, 900 S.W. Jackson, Room 102, Topeka, until 2 p.m. C.S.T. on the date indicated, and then will be publicly opened. Interested bidders may call (913) 296-2377 for additional information.

Monday, January 9, 1989

#27388

Statewide—GLOVES, PACKS, AND TRAYS (CLASS 06) SUPPLY ITEMS

#27457

University of Kansas—PAPANICOLAU SCREENING AND TISSUE BIOPSY

#27878-A

University of Kansas—SPECIAL EFFECTS VIDEO

#27935

University of Kansas Medical Center—REAGENTS AND SUPPLIES FOR ELECTROPHORESIS

#27936

Norton Correctional Facility—TOXICOLOGY ASSAYS AND SUPPLIES

#77446

Fort Hays State University—PICKUP

#77499

University of Kansas Medical Center—HOSPITAL SLEEPER CHAIR

Tuesday, January 10, 1989

#27500

Statewide—COFFEE AND TEA

#27502

Statewide—THERMAL AND SPIRIT MASTERS AND SPIRIT FUND

#77460

Kansas State University—PLAIN PAPER COPIER

#77480

Kansas State University—GRAIN

#77481

Department of Human Resources—K-BEN 78 MAILER

#77490

Department of Wildlife and Parks—NATIVE GRASS SEED MIXES

Thursday, January 12, 1989

#27557

Kansas State University—FEBRUARY (1989) MEAT PRODUCTS

#77488

Department of Human Resources—K-BEN 44/45, 41, 452, 5634

#77489

Department of Administration, Architectural Services—MEMORY EXPANSION KITS

#77494

University of Kansas Medical Center—MAMMOGRAPHY SYSTEM

#77495

Department of Social and Rehabilitation Services—WINDOW ENVELOPES

NICHOLAS B. ROACH
Director of Purchases

Doc. No. 007336

(Published in the Kansas Register, December 29, 1988.)

State of Kansas

SOCIAL AND REHABILITATION SERVICES

KANSAS CITIZENS' COMMITTEE ON ALCOHOL AND OTHER DRUG ABUSE

NOTICE OF MEETING

The quarterly meeting of the Kansas Citizens' Committee on Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse will be held from 8:30 a.m. to 3:30 p.m. Friday, January 13, at the Park Inn International, 3802 S.W. Topeka Blvd., Topeka.

Issues for consideration will include recommendations for development of an alcohol and drug abuse legislative platform, the 1989 legislative session, and local programming needs. Other agenda items concerning the alcohol and drug abuse field will be covered.

WINSTON BARTON
Secretary of Social and Rehabilitation Services

Doc. No. 007339

(Published in the Kansas Register, December 29, 1988.)

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION
City of Wichita, Kansas
Industrial Revenue Bonds
Series XII, 1981, Dated August 1, 1981
(Industrial Medicine Associates)

To bondholders of all the outstanding bonds due as follows:

Bond Number	Par Amount	Interest Rate	Maturity Date
44- 50	35,000	10.75%	8-1-89
51- 66	80,000	11.00%	8-1-90
67- 75	45,000	11.25%	8-1-91
76- 96	105,000	11.50%	8-1-92
97-235	695,000	12.50%	8-1-96

Notice is hereby given that all bonds of the above issue are called for redemption and payment on February 1, 1989, at 102 percent of the principal amount thereof pursuant to Ordinance No. 37-433, Section 4(b). From and after such redemption date interest shall cease to accrue and be payable on said bonds.

Payment of bonds to be redeemed will be made at the principal office of BANK IV Wichita, National Association, formerly The Fourth National Bank and Trust Company, Wichita, Kansas, upon presentation and surrender of said bonds, together with all coupons appertaining thereto maturing on or after the redemption date.

Bonds should be surrendered at BANK IV Wichita, National Association, 3rd Floor, Corporate Trust Division, 100 N. Broadway, Wichita, KS 67202.

Tax identification form W-9 or an exemption certificate is required or tax may be withheld from payment.
Dated December 29, 1988.

BANK IV Wichita, National Association
formerly The Fourth National Bank and Trust Company, Wichita, Fiscal Agent

Doc. No. 007324

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION
City of Scott City, Kansas
Park Lane Apartments Industrial Revenue Bonds
Series 1, 1975
Dated February 1, 1975

Notice is hereby given of redemption and payment of Park Lane Apartments Industrial Revenue Bonds, Series 1, 1975, dated February 1, 1975, issued by the city of Scott City, Kansas. Redemption and payment of said bonds shall be made on February 1, 1989, and shall include payment of all coupons accrued and unpaid to February 1, 1989, and shall be at a premium of \$104 of par. The bonds that will be redeemed and paid are bonds numbered 35 through 90, inclusive, each being in the denomination of \$5,000.

City of Scott City, Kansas

Doc. No. 007338

(Published in the Kansas Register, December 29, 1988.)

NOTICE OF CALL FOR REDEMPTION
to the owners of
City of Garden City, Kansas
Industrial Revenue Bonds
(Professional Arts Building)
Series A, 1975
Dated February 1, 1975

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of Section 3 or Ordinance No. 1129 of the city, duly adopted March 26, 1975, the above mentioned bonds maturing February 1, 1990, and thereafter, and all coupons appertaining thereto, have been called for redemption and payment on February 1, 1989, at the principal corporate trust office of Kansas State Bank and Trust Company, Wichita, Kansas (the paying agent).

Bond Nos.	Maturity Date	Principal Amount	Interest Rate
43-47	02/01/1990	\$ 25,000	7.75%
48-90	02/01/1996	215,000	8.00%

On such redemption date there shall become due and payable, upon the presentation and surrender of each such bond and all coupons appertaining thereto, the redemption price thereof equal to 104 percent of the principal amount of each bond together with interest accrued to the redemption date upon the presentation and surrender of each such bond and coupons appertaining thereto. Interest shall cease to accrue on the bonds called for redemption from and after February 1, 1989, and no further coupons will be honored for payment.

City of Garden City, Kansas
By Kansas State Bank and Trust Company, Wichita, Kansas
as Paying Agent

Doc. No. 007323

(Published in the *Kansas Register*, December 29, 1988.)**NOTICE OF REDEMPTION**

City of Wichita, Kansas
 Industrial Revenue Bonds
 Series LXXVII, 1978
 (Allen Electric Supply Co., Inc.)
 Dated June 1, 1978

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of Ordinance No. 35-612, adopted by governing body of the city of Wichita, Kansas, on June 20, 1978, all outstanding bonds will be called for redemption on February 1, 1989 (the redemption date) at a redemption price of 102 percent of the principal amount thereof together with accrued interest to the redemption date.

The bonds to be called are in bearer form with a par value of \$5,000 each. The bond numbers, interest rate per annum, and maturing date of the bonds are:

Bond Numbers (Inclusive)	Interest Rate Per Annum	Maturity Date
27-33	7 ³ / ₄ %	2-1-90
37-41	7 ³ / ₄ %	2-1-91
42-52	7 ⁷ / ₈ %	2-1-92
53-65	7 ⁷ / ₈ %	2-1-93
66-80	7 ⁷ / ₈ %	2-1-94

All such coupon bonds together with the February 1, 1989, coupon and all unmatured coupons thereunto appertaining should be presented for payment on the redemption date to Union National Bank of Wichita, 150 N. Main, Wichita, KS 67202. The method of presentation and delivery of such bonds for redemption is at the option and risk of the owners of each bond. If mail is used, insured, registered mail, return receipt requested, is suggested.

Under the provisions of the Interest and Dividend Tax Compliance Act of 1983, paying agents making payments of principal or interest on corporate securities may be obligated to withhold a 20 percent tax from remittances to individuals who have failed to furnish the paying agent with a valid taxpayer identification number. Owners of the above described bonds who wish to avoid imposition of this tax should submit certified taxpayer identification numbers when presenting their bonds for payment.

On and after February 1, 1989, interest on all bonds called for redemption shall cease to accrue.

Such redemption of such bonds is conditioned and is subject to the deposit of the redemption money with Union National Bank not later than the opening of business on the redemption date. This notice of redemption shall be of no effect unless such money is so deposited.

Dated December 31, 1988.

Union National Bank of Wichita
 Fiscal Agent

Doc. No. 007323

(Published in the *Kansas Register*, December 29, 1988.)**NOTICE OF REDEMPTION**

City of Sabetha, Kansas
 Electric Utility System Revenue Bonds
 Series 1977

Notice is hereby given that \$480,000 principal amount of the bonds, as listed below, are called for redemption February 1, 1989, at the redemption price of 103 percent of the principal amount being redeemed plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date.

The numbers of the bonds to be called for redemption are 27-122, inclusive, City of Sabetha, Kansas, Electric Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 1977, each in the amount of \$5,000, due August 1, 1989, through August 1, 1997, to be redeemed February 1, 1989.

On February 1, 1989, all bonds designated for redemption will become due and payable upon presentation thereof at the address given below. On and after February 1, 1989, interest on the principal amount called for redemption shall cease to accrue. The bonds may be presented for payment, along with an IRS Form W-9 verifying owner's taxpayer identification number, in person or by mail at the following address: The Kansas State Treasurer, Landon State Office Building, 900 S.W. Jackson, Topeka, KS 66612.

Maurine Reid
 City Clerk
 City of Sabetha, Kansas

Doc. No. 007344

State of Kansas**STATE CORPORATION COMMISSION****NOTICE OF HEARING
ON PROPOSED****ADMINISTRATIVE REGULATIONS**

A public hearing will be conducted at 10 a.m. Monday, February 6, by the State Corporation Commission, fourth floor, Docking State Office Building, Topeka, to consider the adoption of proposed permanent regulations of the Gas Pipeline Safety Division of the State Corporation Commission (KCC).

This 30-day notice of the public hearing shall constitute a public comment period for the purpose of receiving written public comments on the proposed rules and regulations. All interested parties may submit written comments prior to the hearing. Comments should be addressed to the Executive Director, Attention: Judith McConnell, KCC, 4th Floor, Docking State Office Building, Topeka 66612. All interested parties will be given a reasonable opportunity to present their views orally on the adoption of the proposed regulations during the hearing.

Persons may review the proposed regulations and the economic impact statement at the office of the State Corporation Commission, Fourth Floor, Docking State Office Building, Topeka, between the hours of 7:50 a.m. and 4:50 p.m. Monday through Friday. The regulations will be available for review until the day of the hearing.

A complete copy of the proposed permanent regulations and the economic impact statement may be obtained at

the address above. Persons requesting a copy of the proposed regulations and the economic impact statement, in accordance with K.S.A. 45-219, will be required to compensate the KCC for the cost of reproduction.

Following the hearing, all written and oral comments submitted by interested parties will be considered by the KCC as the basis for making changes to these proposed regulations.

These regulations are proposed for adoption on a permanent basis. The KCC is adopting these rules and regulations to be in conformance with the Natural Gas Pipeline Safety Act of 1968 (49 U.S.C. 1671 *et seq.*) (NGPSA). These proposed regulations detail minimum safety standards to be applied to jurisdictional pipeline operators and procedures and reporting requirements to be followed to ensure compliance with these standards. Some of the proposed regulations provide more stringent requirements than the NGPSA. A summary of the proposed regulations and their economic impact follows:

82-11-1(a) through (1), Definitions: This regulation defines various terms as they are used throughout the NGPSA and the proposed permanent regulations. There is no economic impact due to this regulation.

82-11-2, Enforcement Procedures: This provision states that regulations adopted by the commission pursuant to statutory authority shall be enforced by the commission's Pipeline Safety Section. There is no additional cost which will accrue to the state agency, the affected utilities or the general public due to the adoption of this regulation.

82-11-3, Transportation of Natural and Other Gas by Pipelines: Annual Reports and Incident Reports: This regulation adopts Part 191 of the NGPSA as in effect on October 1, 1988. There is no additional cost which will accrue to the state agency, the affected utilities or the general public due to the adoption of this regulation.

82-11-3(a) through (q): These regulations detail when reports are to be made, to whom the reports are to be made and how the reports are to be performed. The regulations further detail the type of forms to be used. There is no additional cost which will accrue to the state agency, the affected utilities or the general public due to the adoption of this regulation.

82-11-4, Transportation of Natural and Other Gas by Pipeline: Minimum Federal Safety Standards: This regulation adopts Part 192 of the NGPSA, including Appendices A, B, C and D as they were in effect on October 1, 1988. There is no additional cost which will accrue to the state agency, the affected utilities or the general public due to the adoption of this regulation.

82-11-4(a), Incorporation by Reference: This regulation states that all documents incorporated by reference in Part 192 are available for inspection at the Gas Pipeline Safety Section in Topeka, Kansas. The cost to the Gas Pipeline Safety Division is approximately \$1,000 for obtaining these documents. There is no appreciable cost to the affected utilities or the general public.

82-11-4(b), Distribution Line Valves: After an incident has occurred, it is imperative that the operator act expeditiously to eliminate the possibility of the incident spreading to involve other structures or segments of the general public. Isolation of the problem area can be accomplished by either the operation of pre-designated

emergency distribution valves or the expeditious use of the squeeze-off technique. This regulation provides more stringent requirements than the current NGPSA for the protection of the public. First, all operators need to review their distribution systems to determine if consistent written criteria are being utilized to determine when emergency valves need to be installed. Second, at a minimum, all new residential subdivisions should have emergency valves incorporated into their design.

Economic Impact: The cost of the valves will represent an extremely small percentage of the total cost to install mains up to and throughout a subdivision. The cost of this regulation on utility rates will be a fraction of one cent per thousand cubic feet of gas sold.

82-11-4(c), Requirements for Design of Pressure Relief and Limiting Devices: Pressure relief and limiting devices are the safety equipment which directly protects the general public in the event that normally-operated equipment fails. In this proposed regulation, § 192.199 of the NGPSA is to be made retroactive. This would mean that pressure relief and limiting devices installed before and after 1971 would have to meet the requirements of § 192.199 as adopted and further amended by the proposed regulations.

Economic Impact: A significant number of utility facilities could be affected, however, the impact on rates should seldom exceed one cent per thousand cubic feet of gas sold.

82-11-4(d), Requirements for Design of Pressure Relief and Limiting Devices: Many pressure relief and limiting devices in Kansas are located near vehicular traffic where sparks from passing traffic or other sources pose the risk of igniting gas which is being intentionally vented. This proposed regulation would ensure that when natural gas is vented by a pressure relief or limiting device it will be discharged at a height where it is less likely that the general public will be exposed to it and there is less risk of an ignition source being near the vented gas.

Economic Impact: Many locations have already had changes made to comply with this proposed language. The cost to bring the remaining facilities into compliance is expected to be negligible.

82-11-4(e), Requirements for Design of Pressure Relief and Limiting Devices: A critical concern for pressure relief devices is that they are capable of providing the protection for which they were designed. Vandals must not be capable of bypassing this equipment. In order to assist their maintenance responsibilities, operators often install valves in the vicinity of the pressure relief and limiting devices. The NGPSA section is interpreted only to apply to valves upstream of the relief device. However, there are other valves which, if operated by vandals, could also pose a risk to the general public and partially or completely negate the effectiveness of the company's overpressure protection system. This proposed regulation identifies these other valves which the operator must ensure that vandals cannot operate and thereby jeopardize the general public's safety.

Economic Impact: The cost to comply with this regulation should be negligible because compliance can be achieved by installing a padlock or similar equipment to protect unauthorized operation.

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82-11-4(f), Inspection of Materials: A critical step at the time of construction, to ensure a long service life for new buried natural gas pipelines, is to verify that the pipe coating has no defects immediately prior to its lowering into the ditch. Defects in the coating will ultimately become a point of corrosion and a natural gas leak if the company's electrical surveys do not identify the presence of active corrosion. If leaks from defective coating become significant in populated areas, the safety of the public is at risk. This proposed regulation would mandate an accepted practice of the natural gas industry to use instruments to detect pipeline coating defects.

Economic Impact: The cost to conduct the inspection required by this regulation will represent a negligible portion of the total construction project and can be accomplished in a matter of minutes. It will appear on utility rates as a fraction of one cent per thousand cubic feet of gas sold.

82-11-4(g), Repair of Plastic Pipe: The use of plastic pipe is a well accepted material in the natural gas industry and has become the dominant material installed across the country for 60 p.s.i.g. and less systems. Since its use has become so dominant, it is important that plastic pipe not be placed in service or continue to be used if it has imperfections or damage. Although patching saddles are being used by a utility in at least one state (Wisconsin), it is believed to be in the best interest of the public's safety for a utility to operate its plastic piping system without patching of imperfections or damage. This regulation would provide a more stringent standard in that all imperfections or damage to plastic pipe be removed.

Economic Impact: The practice of using patching saddles in Kansas is minimal. Therefore eliminating this option will have minimal or no cost impact.

82-11-4(h), Protection from Hazards: The proposed regulation deletes the term "either" from the NGPSA and would allow this section to be more easily understood.

Economic Impact: This revision is editorial and has no cost impact.

82-11-4(i), Protection from Hazards: The general public must be protected from the safety risk of aboveground pipelines, particularly since aboveground pipelines are now becoming very old. It has become a standard practice today for all new steel natural gas pipelines to be buried even though the minimum standards of the NGPSA still give the operator the option to place such piping aboveground. The proposed regulation addresses the public safety concern and necessitates that all Kansas operators begin a phase-in effort to place all aboveground pipelines underground, with a few exceptions, over the next seven year period.

Economic Impact: The total dollar amount required to be spent to be in compliance with this proposed regulation will be significant on a statewide basis. The total quantity of pipe affected will be several hundred miles although there will be extremely wide fluctuations on a company-by-company basis. Operators will be able to comply with this regulation by installing new pipe or lowering the existing pipe. The cost of installing new pipe will be significantly higher than simply lowering the existing pipe. The structural integrity of the existing pipe on a case-by-case basis will determine whether lowering is a viable option for the utility. Gas utilities have traditionally filed

for rate increases at two to three year intervals. This would mean that the utilities will have two or possibly three rate cases in which to address the impact of this regulation. The cost of this regulation on utility rates will generally not exceed a few cents per thousand cubic feet of gas sold.

82-11-4(j), Installation of Pipe in a Ditch: The present NGPSA allows operators the option of placing new steel natural gas pipeline aboveground or underground. Aboveground pipelines present unacceptable safety risks and have a negative aesthetic impact on the general public. Further it is now an accepted practice in the U.S. natural gas industry that new natural gas pipeline should be buried. The proposed regulation eliminates the option which operators now have to place new pipelines aboveground.

Economic Impact: This regulation formalizes a practice which is already a standard in the industry. Its adoption should have a minimal, if any, cost increase for utilities.

82-11-4(k), General: This proposed regulation contains two changes which would make it more stringent than the present code.

(1) The existence of a well-designed and maintained corrosion control program is a critical aspect of maintaining a safe natural gas distribution system. Inspectors for the Gas Pipeline Safety Section need to be able to thoroughly review the corrosion procedures which all operators are utilizing to comply with the minimum safety standards of the NGPSA as adopted and amended by these regulations. This regulation necessitates that the procedures be in writing.

Economic Impact: The cost of this regulation will be minimal. A few operators will have to engage the services of an outside consultant to explain in writing the procedures being utilized by the consultant. However, many operators will be able to complete this work in-house and not incur significant costs.

(2) The NGPSA extends the operator's responsibility to the outlet of the meter or customer-owned piping, whichever is furthest downstream. Thus, when utilities locate the meter at the property line or in the easement, it becomes the customer's responsibility to safely maintain the buried piping between the meter and the house. On the other hand, customers who live in service territories where the operator places the meter near the residence are having this same safety maintenance responsibility performed by the operator. The proposed regulation will eliminate this unequal level of protection between operators. Specifically, electrical surveys to detect the presence of active corrosion would be conducted on all customer-owned bare steel piping between the main and house, regardless of the meter location. Many customers with meters at the property line or in the easement are unaware of the importance of conducting electrical surveys on buried bare steel pipelines. Because the condition of these buried customer-owned pipelines is uncertain, the proposed regulation requires that initial electrical surveys be completed on all buried steel customer-owned piping within the next two years. This regulation is intended to detect and prevent corrosion which, if unattended, would lead to natural gas leaks.

Economic Impact: Large sums are already being spent by operators to comply with the electrical survey require-

ments of the current NGPSA. The total additional dollars on a statewide basis to comply with this proposed regulation will be significant. However, it will generally only represent a moderate increase in the electrical survey budgets of utilities and the impact on utility rates generally will be less than one cent per thousand cubic of gas sold.

82-11-4(1), External Corrosion Control: Buried or Submerged Pipelines Installed after July 31, 1971: There are a number of locations in Kansas where pipelines have had their earth cover fully or partially removed because of erosion, county road maintenance practices and other causes. Public safety necessitates that these exposed pipelines be provided with a cathodic protection system equivalent to fully buried pipelines. This will minimize the onset of corrosion in the areas in contact with the soil and also areas experiencing atmospheric corrosion. The insertion of the term "exposed" eliminates the ability of certain operators from avoiding the safety intent of this regulation.

Economic Impact: Additional costs to maintain an external protective coating and a cathodic protection on exposed pipelines installed after July 31, 1971, will be minimal. The impact on utility rates is expected to be less than one cent per thousand cubic feet of gas sold.

82-11-4(m), External Corrosion Control: Buried or Submerged Pipelines Installed after July 31, 1971: The present NGPSA provides operators with an option of which the external protective coating and cathodic protection system used to protect the entire pipeline does not need to be provided. This option has led to confusion in its application. Maximizing public safety as well as utilizing the best means to ensure that the integrity of a pipeline necessitates that an external protection system be utilized in all new pipelines in Kansas. This proposed regulation would eliminate the availability of this option since it is not in the best interest of public safety.

Economic Impact: The deletion of this option is not expected to have a significant cost impact. Most operators in Kansas do not rely upon this option to avoid applying an external protective coating and installing a cathodic protection system.

82-11-4(n), External Corrosion Control: Buried or Submerged Pipelines Installed before August 1, 1971: This proposed regulation contains four changes which would make it more stringent than the present code.

(1) There are numerous locations in Kansas where pipelines have had their earth cover fully or partially removed because of erosion, county road maintenance practices and other causes. Public safety necessitates that the exposed pipelines be provided with a cathodic protection system equivalent to fully buried pipelines. This will minimize the onset of both corrosion in the areas which are in contact with the soil and also areas experiencing atmospheric corrosion.

Economic Impact: The cost of this regulation should be minimal especially in terms of its impact on utility rates.

(2) In the proposed regulation, subsection (b) has been amended to make it clear that this subsection applies to all three of the listed situations.

Economic Impact: There should be no cost impact from this change.

(3) The NGPSA currently provides alternative surveying methods for areas where it is practical to conduct electrical surveys. However the act does not explicitly define what criteria these options must meet. The proposed regulation would specify both the leak survey instrumentation to be used and the interval at which such leak surveys should be conducted in areas where it is impractical to perform electrical surveys. The three year interval for leak surveys in impractical areas was selected to be consistent with proposed changes in the NGPSA.

Economic Impact: The cost of conducting flame ionization leakage surveys in impractical areas will be negligible. The overall impact on utility rates would be less than one cent per thousand cubic feet of gas sold.

(4) The NGPSA provides alternatives where it is impractical to conduct electrical surveys, but does not define "impractical areas." The proposed regulation establishes four criteria to satisfy this problem: (a) Where the pipe lies under wall-to-wall pavement; (b) where the pipe is in a common trench with other utilities; (c) in areas with stray current; and (d) in areas where the pipeline is more than two feet under pavement.

Economic Impact: The proposed regulation will result in a significant increase in the total costs of conducting electrical surveys in Kansas, but the impact on utility rates will generally not exceed one cent per thousand cubic feet of gas sold.

82-11-4(o), External Corrosion Control: Monitoring: The purpose of monitoring cathodic protection systems is to ensure that corrosion has been inhibited and to ensure that a change in circumstances has not occurred since the last monitoring period which might allow corrosion to occur. The monitoring frequency currently provided for separately protected service lines and separately protected short sections of mains or transmission lines is too infrequent to be in the best interest of public safety. The proposed regulation establishes a three-year interval which is more appropriate and reasonable and coincides with the three-year electrical survey interval required for re-evaluation of bare unprotected steel pipelines.

Economic Impact: The proposed regulation will result in a significant increase in the total costs of conducting electrical surveys in Kansas, but the impact on utility rates will generally not exceed one cent per thousand cubic feet of gas sold.

82-11-4(p), External Corrosion Control: Monitoring: This proposed regulation contains specific language that an operator must begin corrective measures within 30 days or more promptly if necessary on any deficiencies indicated by the monitoring.

Economic Impact: This proposed regulation will have negligible or no additional cost impact because the existing pipeline safety regulations already mandate that corrective action should be taken.

82-11-4(q), External Corrosion Control: Monitoring: This proposed regulation specifies the leak survey instrumentation to be used and the interval at which the leak surveys should be performed in areas where it is impractical to do electrical surveys.

Economic Impact: The cost of conducting flame ionization leakage surveys in "impractical" areas will be negligible.

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82-11-4(r), External Corrosion Control: Monitoring: The NGPSA currently provides alternatives where it is impractical to conduct electrical surveys, but does not define "impractical areas." The proposed regulation establishes four criteria which will satisfy this problem, which are the same criteria as in 82-11-4(n).

Economic Impact: The proposed regulation will result in a significant increase in total cost of conducting electrical surveys in Kansas, but the impact on utility rates will generally not exceed one cent per thousand cubic feet of gas sold.

82-11-4(s), Corrosion Control: Records: The NGPSA allows an operator the option of maintaining either records or maps to show the location of cathodically protected piping. The proposed regulation requires both records and maps because inspectors for the Gas Pipeline Safety Section need to be able to review both in order to conduct thorough inspections. The proposed regulation will create more uniformity between companies on information they are maintaining and could lead to more efficient operation by the utility.

Economic Impact: The total additional cost for utilities to maintain both records and maps of their cathodically protected piping will be negligible. Most utilities, if not all, already maintain maps of their pipeline system. Utilizing the same maps to depict cathodically protected piping will represent an insignificant expense for most utilities. The impact on utility rates will be well below one cent per thousand cubic feet of gas sold.

82-11-4(t), Corrosion Control: Records: In a number of circumstances utilities have encountered high readings or confusing information from their electrical surveys. When the operators uncovered the area, they realized they were getting readings from an anode. The proposed regulation requires galvanic anode locations be shown on the maps which will assist the operator in avoiding such wasteful efforts. It will also improve public safety because the operators will be able to easily identify where remedial actions have previously been performed along a pipeline.

Economic Impact: The cost of showing galvanic anodes on the operator's maps will require improved record-keeping by field personnel, but there will be no significant impact on costs or utility rates.

82-11-4(u), Test Requirements for Pipelines to Operate at or below 100 p.s.i.g.: The NGPSA allows for mains to be operated at or below 100 p.s.i.g. even though they only need to be tested to at least 90 p.s.i.g. The ability to operate pipelines above the pressure to which they have been tested is not consistent with the safety principles utilized elsewhere in the NGPSA. The proposed regulation, which raises the required test pressure to at least 100 p.s.i.g., will eliminate this inconsistency.

Economic Impact: There will be no cost impact associated with this proposed regulation.

82-11-4(v), Records: The NGPSA only requires that records be kept for pressure tests on mains and transmission lines. Although the NGPSA requires that test also be performed on service lines, the code does not require that records be kept for such pressure tests. This proposed regulation would require that records also be kept for service line tests.

Economic Impact: The cost of this proposed regulation

will be negligible because the existing code already requires that the tests be conducted. Requiring that the operator maintain records on all pressure tests represents an extremely small percentage of the cost of conducting such tests.

82-11-4(w & x), Records: The proposed regulations would require that the test date and the description of the facilities being tested also be recorded by the operator during the test to assist the inspector's review of the records.

Economic Impact: The proposed regulation would have no cost impact since the operator is only being required to record information which would normally be needed to differentiate various pressure tests.

82-11-4(y), General Requirements: The NGPSA requires that leak surveys be conducted at the end of each incremental increase of an uprating, but does not provide any further criteria or when specifically to conduct this leak survey. The proposed regulation provides there be a maximum time of eight hours after pressure stabilization when the leak survey must be conducted. Operators may conduct the leak survey sooner if the pressure in the pipe has stabilized.

Economic Impact: The proposed regulation would have a minimal incremental cost impact since the existing code already requires that leak surveys be conducted. The only circumstance which this regulation may increase the cost of the uprating is when an increment must be repeated. However, this cost factor is also within the operator's control when the uprating procedure is established. The impact on utility rates will be a fraction of one cent per thousand cubic feet of gas sold.

82-11-4(z), General Provisions: The NGPSA requires that operators develop written operating and maintenance plans, but there is no requirement that the operator submit the plans and all future revisions to the Gas Pipeline Safety Section. The ability of the Gas Pipeline Safety Section to effectively enforce the proposed regulations necessitates that it have a current set of these plans for each company in its possession to facilitate its annual inspection of the operators.

Economic Impact: The cost of this regulation will be limited to the cost which the company incurs in reproducing the manuals. This will be a negligible cost.

82-11-4(aa), General Provisions: Town border stations (TBS) provide pressure relieving and pressure limiting protection for communities. In many circumstances around Kansas the TBS is owned by a company other than the city which is receiving the gas supply. Often the municipality has been relying on the owner of the TBS to provide and set the pressure reducing and limiting devices. However, the municipalities often make no attempt to verify that the set level of the pressure relieving devices at the TBS will not exceed the safe maximum allowable operating pressure (MAOP) of its own pipeline. This is an unsatisfactory safety condition. The municipality must be formally verifying that the pressure relieving devices in the TBS are being set so that they do not exceed the MAOP of their pipeline, to ensure that the public safety is met. This proposed regulation would clearly establish that it is the responsibility of the operator downstream of the TBS to regularly receive, review and

have in its possession documentation from the owner of the TBS to verify that the municipality's MAOP will not be exceeded.

Economic Impact: The cost to comply with this regulation will be minimal because it will require only a few hours of monitoring each year.

Various operators, especially municipalities, rely heavily upon consultants in order to meet the annual maintenance requirements of the NGPSA. The dependency on outside consultants by municipalities and others can lead to the opinion by operators that it is the responsibility of the consultant to keep them in compliance with the code. This concern is magnified by incidents where the municipality received bills for services that it was unable to verify had been performed. In these circumstances, the consultant made no contact with the municipal officials to advise the municipality as to when they would be performing the work. This proposed regulation makes it clear that the operator cannot, in any circumstance, delegate its ultimate responsibility to comply with all pipeline safety code requirements to a consultant. A municipality needs to be proficient in the pipeline safety regulations and oversee the work of the consultant.

Economic Impact: There will be no costs associated with this regulation beyond what is already expected of operators by the existing NGPSA.

82-11-4(bb), Emergency Plans: This proposed regulation specifies that operators should be required to formally review all areas of their service territories to determine how gas supplies will be shut off in all emergencies within 30 minutes of company personnel arriving on the scene. Such action is needed to ensure that an emergency will be confined to only the structure which originally activated the emergency response. Public safety necessitates that the proposed criteria be in place.

Economic Impact: The cost of this proposed regulation can be broken down into two separate parts. However the cost in both cases will be minimal. First, the time which each operator must spend to evaluate their entire system using the 30 minute criteria generally would be completed in-house and will not represent a significant cost item for the company. Second, the ability of the utility to comply with the 30 minute criteria may require that a backhoe immediately be dispatched to the scene upon notification of an incident. This may require that a company incur the costs of purchasing additional backhoes. However, such costs will only represent, in utility rates, a fraction of one cent per thousand cubic feet of gas sold.

82-11-4(cc), Investigation of Failures: The NGPSA requires that operators establish procedures to analyze accidents and failures. However, there is no requirement that the operator actually implement such procedures. The analysis of accidents is a key factor in minimizing the possibility of any reoccurrence. The proposed regulation has two requirements. First, operators will be required to investigate every accident and failure and to implement changes that would minimize the possibility of a reoccurrence. Second, for those incidents which must be reported under the NGPSA, a written report must be submitted within 90 days of the incident detailing the cause and the steps which can be taken to minimize the

possibility of future reoccurrence. The safety of the general public necessitates operators be required to conduct such investigations.

Economic Impact: The cost of investigating each accident and failure will be a minimal total dollar amount on a statewide basis because of the low frequency with which such accidents and failures occur. Most of these accidents and failures will be capable of being analyzed on the scene although a few will require laboratory analysis. Most of such failures, which are not required to be reported, will occur during pressure tests of new pipelines. Analysis of these failures will represent a small percentage of the total construction costs for the project. The requirement that operators submit a written report on reportable incidents, describing the cause of the incident, may result in a total report cost of \$5,000 to \$25,000 if laboratory analysis is required. The impact of such a cost on utility rates would generally be well below one cent per thousand cubic feet of gas sold.

82-11-4(dd), Odorization of Gas: The detection of an odorant is an early warning mechanism of the presence of natural gas since natural gas itself is odorless. The NGPSA requires periodic sampling to ensure that proper odorant concentration exists in the operator's distribution system. However, the act does not define the term "periodic." The proposed regulation establishes sampling requirements which will benefit the general public safety, in that it will ensure the operator's that odorant is reaching all parts of the distribution system.

Economic Impact: The proposed regulation will result in no cost impact if the operator is able to satisfy the code through routine service calls. If the operator has no service calls in a given month, then the operator will incur some additional costs making the contact to check the odorant. These costs would be minimal and generally represent in utility rates only a fraction of one cent per thousand cubic feet of gas sold.

82-11-4(ee) General: Four changes are made to the existing NGPSA by this proposed regulation.

(1) The NGPSA requires unsafe pipe to be replaced, repaired or removed but does not specify a time frame. This proposed regulation specifies that each segment of pipeline that becomes unsafe must be replaced, repaired or removed from service within five days. This will ensure that unsafe conditions will be eliminated expeditiously once identified.

Economic Impact: This proposed regulation will have no additional cost impact beyond what is required by the NGPSA.

(2) The NGPSA does not specify the time frame in which operators must respond to leak complaints. Public safety will be increased with the requirement that all leaks are to be classified within one hour of the utility being notified of such leak.

Economic Impact: The cost of this regulation may require additional leak survey crews to respond to leak complaints. This incremental increase in leak survey crews and equipment will generally result in less than a one cent per thousand cubic feet increase in utility rates.

(3) The NGPSA is silent on setting a prioritization for classifying leaks. The proposed regulation establishes a

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uniform classification system for operators throughout the state to ensure equivalent levels of safety across the state.

Economic Impact: The cost of this regulation, if any, will only occur if the utility does not already classify leaks according to the proposed criteria. Conversion to the new criteria will represent a negligible cost for the utility.

(4) The NGPSA requires that hazardous leaks be repaired promptly but does not define the time frame in which such work must be performed. The proposed regulation specifies a time frame to repair leaks, according to class, in order to ensure that leaks are being eliminated in a uniform time frame across the state.

Economic Impact: The proposed regulation may entail a moderate cost increase due to repairs being required to be performed more quickly than the schedule and prioritization now utilized by the operator. The cost impact on utility rates will generally be less than one cent per thousand cubic feet of gas sold.

82-11-4(ff), Line Markers for Mains and Transmission Lines: Third party damage is a leading cause of natural gas incidents in Kansas and across the United States. The presence of line markers is an attempt to alert the general public to the presence of such pipelines. The proposed regulation provides line markers need to be placed on both sides of a public road and railroad crossings to be sure the general public is aware of the location of these pipelines in the event road construction and/or maintenance is taking place. These line markers include a telephone number of the operator so the general public can also report unusual conditions.

Economic Impact: The incremental costs of this regulation will be negligible since the current code already requires line markers on one side of public roads and railroad crossings. The additional cost of identifying the location needing line markers will be negligible. The cost of the line markers and their installation will be minimal and represent only a small fraction of one cent per thousand cubic feet of gas sold.

82-11-4(gg), Line Markers for Mains and Transmission Lines: The NGPSA only requires line markers on aboveground pipelines in areas accessible to the general public. It is the opinion of the Gas Pipeline Safety staff that this has resulted in fewer line markers being placed on aboveground pipelines than what is currently needed for public safety. The proposed regulation will require that all aboveground pipelines have line markers.

Economic Impact: The total cost of this regulation on a statewide basis will be moderate because of the large number of markers which will need to be installed. However the impact on utility rates will be less than one cent per thousand cubic feet of gas sold.

82-11-4(hh), Distribution Systems: Patrolling: The NGPSA requires that patrols be made on both transmission and distribution systems. Although specific intervals are provided for the patrol of transmission lines, vague performance language is provided for the patrolling of distribution systems. The vagueness in the distribution patrols is of particular concern because distribution systems operate in higher densely populated areas. The proposed regulation would ensure that the same interval of patrols required on transmission lines will also be utilized in distribution systems. Implementation of this regulation

will better ensure the safety of the general public and provide uniform statewide patrolling.

Economic Impact: The proposed regulation is expected to have negligible cost impact on utility operators across the state. The impact on utility rates will generally be only a fraction of one cent per thousand cubic feet of gas sold.

82-11-4(ii), Distribution Systems: Leakage Surveys and Procedures: Two changes in the NGPSA are made in the proposed regulation.

(1) The NGPSA requires that leakage surveys be conducted on all pipelines in areas outside principal business areas at intervals not exceeding five years. However, the act does not specify the leakage survey methodology which will satisfy this particular code requirement. Leak surveys in residential areas need to be conducted more frequently than once every five years if the public safety needs are to be met. The proposed regulation would require that the leak surveys be conducted at least once every three years. Further the leak survey requirement would only be satisfied by the use of flame ionization equipment. Vegetation surveys would still be required as a supplement to the flame ionization surveys to attempt to detect changes which may occur between flame ionization tests. The proposed regulation further specifies that vegetation leakage surveys shall be conducted at least the months of April, May, June, September and October for each residence on an annual basis.

Economic Impact: The proposed regulation will have a significant cost impact on a statewide basis. However, the actual impact on utility rates will generally not exceed one cent per thousand cubic feet of gas sold. Additional leak survey crews and flame ionization equipment may be needed to satisfy the proposed regulation requirements. The vegetation leak survey is expected to have negligible cost impact because it can be incorporated into the existing work responsibilities of meter readers.

(2) The current NGPSA does not extend the operator's pipeline safety responsibilities beyond the outlet of the meter or customer-owned piping, whichever is furthest downstream. Thus, the operator can limit its maintenance and safety responsibilities by placing the meter at the property line or in the easement. The customer would then have the responsibility to safely maintain the buried piping between the meter and the house. Customers with such meter locations do not understand that it is their responsibility to regularly conduct leak surveys and provide cathodic protection on these pipelines if they are steel. Such actions by the customer are the only means in which that customer will have the same level of protection as customers with the meters at the house. In addition, it has been discovered that there are a number of customer-owned service lines even in circumstances where the meter is located at the house. The proposed regulation would require that all buried customer-owned piping in Kansas be leak surveyed by flame ionization within 12 months of the effective date of these regulations and then again at three year intervals.

Economic Impact: The total cost of the proposed regulation on a statewide basis will be significant, especially in the first 12 months when the initial leak survey must be performed. Some utilities may be required to utilize

outside consultants because of the time frame and the availability of equipment. The additional fact that all utilities statewide need to conduct this leakage survey within the same 12 months may result in higher consultant costs. However the impact on utility rates will generally be less than one cent per thousand cubic feet of gas sold.

82-11-4(jj), Valve Maintenance: Distribution Systems: Two changes are proposed to the existing NGPSA.

(1) The emergency valve maintenance section of the Act provides different requirements for transmission valves and distribution valves. Transmission valves need to be inspected and partially operated whereas distribution valves are only to be checked in service. Since both valves are important for public safety it is important that their maintenance requirements be the same. The proposed regulation requires distribution valves to also periodically be inspected and partially operated but at different intervals, because of the critical function which these valves fulfill and their proximity to higher density populations.

Economic Impact: The cost impact of this proposed regulation will be minimal. The impact on utility rates will generally be a fraction of one cent per thousand cubic feet of gas sold.

(2) This proposed regulation is to ensure that all valves are being maintained, even though less frequently, than those valves which have been designated as emergency valves. This requirement will more adequately address the safety needs of the public than the present NGPSA.

Economic Impact: The proposed regulation results in moderate cost impact on state-wide basis because these valves are not currently required to be inspected and partially operated. In some cases, operators will need to incur the cost of reviewing maps to find all these valves and make sure they are accessible. However, the impact on utility rates would generally be less than one cent per thousand feet of cubic feet sold.

82-11-5, Addressee for Written Reports: This proposed regulation provides the necessary address in which to send all the reports required by this article.

Economic Impact: There is no cost impact because of this proposed regulation.

82-11-6, Procedure to Ensure Compliance with Minimum Safety Standards: This proposed regulation provides for an annual audit inspection and follow-up inspections by inspectors from the Gas Pipeline Safety Section, to ensure compliance with the minimum safety standards provided for by the proposed regulations. The proposed regulation further provides for a show cause hearing, when all other reasonable measures have failed to produce operator compliance or when noncompliance presents an eminent danger to persons or property. The proposed regulations further establishes that the commission may waive requirements of this regulation and issue an interim order if any instance of noncompliance with the safety standards of the proposed regulation presents any probable danger to persons or property.

Economic Impact: There will be no additional cost impact because of this proposed regulation since the requirements of this proposed regulation were previously provided for through commission orders.

82-11-7, Reporting Requirements: This proposed reg-

ulation provides for the filing of an annual report by all operators on forms as prescribed in the NGPSA. The proposed regulation further requires each operator to notify the Gas Pipeline Safety Section upon the discovery of an incident within their certificated or operating areas. The proposed regulation further details the requirements that each municipal operator shall meet and the information which needs to be provided to the Gas Pipeline Safety Section when the municipal gas operator has contracted with a consultant to perform a survey or inspection in order to comply with the minimum safety standards. In addition, each municipal gas operator must maintain complete records relating to the gas system for the life of the system for purposes of ensuring compliance with the minimum safety standard. The proposed regulation further requires construction notices to be submitted to the Gas Pipeline Safety Section in advance of actual construction activities.

Economic Impact: There will be no additional cost impact due to this proposed regulation since these requirements had previously been mandated by commission order.

82-11-8, Customer Installations: Locations and Monitoring Responsibilities: The present NGPSA does not address the responsibilities of operators beyond the outlet of the meter or customer-owned piping, whichever is furthest downstream. Some operators were able to limit their safety responsibilities by placing the meter at either the property line or in the easement. This practice leads to unequal levels of protection across Kansas, depending on the gas company which is serving the customer. When the meter was located at the property line or in the easement, it became the responsibility of the customer to safely maintain the buried pipe between the meter and the house. Few customers in such circumstances realize the importance of regularly conducting leak surveys on such piping and also conducting electrical surveys if the piping should consist of steel. The proposed regulation will eventually eliminate all buried customer-owned piping, since all operators in Kansas will be assuming full ownership and maintenance responsibilities once repairs on the buried customer-owned piping are completed. The proposed regulation ensures that public safety is of paramount concern on this matter.

Economic Impact: The cost of this proposed regulation may be significant on a state-wide basis due to the fact that certain operators will be assuming significantly increased safety responsibilities. However, the impact on utility rates will seldom exceed two cents per thousand cubic feet of gas sold.

82-11-9, Waiver Provisions: This proposed regulation provides the means by which an operator may apply for a waiver of the requirements of the proposed regulations.

Economic Impact: There is no cost impact due to this proposed regulation.

JUDITH McCONNELL
Executive Director

Doc. No. 007317

State of Kansas

BOARD OF NURSING

PERMANENT ADMINISTRATIVE
REGULATIONSArticle 11.—ADVANCED REGISTERED
NURSE PRACTITIONERS

60-11-104a. Protocols or guidelines, defined; Requirements: (a) When used in this article, the term "protocols or guidelines" means written documents containing a precise and detailed medical plan of care.

(b) Each protocol or guideline shall, at a minimum:

(1) Contain the name and signature of the nurse clinician or nurse practitioner and the name and signature of the responsible physician who have adopted the protocol or guideline;

(2) show the date the protocol or guideline was adopted or last reviewed;

(3) specify all prescription-only drugs for which the nurse clinician or nurse practitioner is permitted to write a prescription order without direct authorization from the responsible physician;

(4) specify under what circumstances, and how soon, the responsible physician must be contacted after a prescription order is written by the nurse clinician or practitioner; and

(5) be maintained in an 8½ inch by 11 inch loose-leaf notebook containing all protocols adopted by the nurse and doctor and kept at the nurse's principal place of practice. The notebook shall include a cover page containing:

(A) the name, license number, certificate number and telephone number of the nurse practitioner/nurse clinician and the responsible physician;

(B) the name, address and telephone number of a designated physician who agrees to direct and supervise the nurse clinician or nurse practitioner in the absence or unavailability of the responsible physician;

(C) the minimum frequency the protocols or guidelines are to be reviewed by the nurse and physician, but such time shall not be less than one year; and

(D) the minimum frequency for which prescription orders are reviewed and patient charts are co-signed, and such time shall not be more than thirty days.

(c) This regulation shall not be construed to authorize a nurse clinician or nurse practitioner to issue a prescription order for a controlled substance.

(d) Nothing in this regulation shall be construed to prohibit any registered nurse or licensed practical nurse or advanced registered nurse practitioner from transmitting a prescription order orally or telephonically, or from administering a prescription-only drug pursuant to a lawful direction of a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery, dentistry, or nurse practitioner, or a nurse clinician.

(e) When used in this section, terms shall be construed to have the meanings set forth in the pharmacy

act of the State of Kansas, K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 65-1626. (Authorized by K.S.A. 65-1129 and 65-1130, implementing K.S.A. 65-1130; effective, T-60-9-12-88, Sept. 12, 1988; effective Feb. 13, 1989.)

Article 15.—PERFORMANCE OF
SELECTED NURSING PROCEDURES
IN SCHOOL SETTINGS

60-15-101. Definitions. (a) Each licensed registered professional nurse in the school setting shall be responsible for the nature and quality of all nursing care that a pupil is given under the direction of the nurse in the school setting. Assessment of the nursing needs of a pupil, the plan of nursing action, implementation of the plan, and evaluation are essential components of professional nursing practice and are the responsibility of the licensed registered professional nurse.

(b) When used in this article, the following definitions shall apply:

(1) "Unlicensed persons" includes, but is not limited to the following school personnel: teachers, secretaries, administrators, and paraprofessionals.

(2) "Delegation" means authorizing an unlicensed person to perform selected nursing tasks in the school setting under the direction of a licensed registered professional nurse.

(3) "Activities of daily living" means basic caretaking or specialized caretaking.

(4) "Basic caretaking" means bathing, dressing, grooming, routine dental, hair and skin care, preparation of food for oral feeding, exercise excluding occupational therapy and physical therapy procedures, toileting including diapering and toilet training, handwashing, transfer and ambulation.

(5) "Specialized caretaking" means catheterization, ostomy care, preparation of food and tube feedings, care of damaged skin integrity, administering medications and performing other procedures requiring nursing judgment.

(6) "Handicapped student" means a person who is enrolled in any accredited public or non-public school education program who requires nursing procedures during regular school attendance hours. Handicapped student also includes exceptional children as defined in K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 72-962.

(7) "Nursing judgment" means the exercise of knowledge and discretion derived from the biological, physical and behavioral sciences.

(8) "School setting" means any accredited public or non-public school environment during regular school attendance hours.

(9) "Supervision" means that the licensed registered professional nurse shall oversee the delegated task.

(10) "Medication" means any drug required by the Federal or State Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act to bear on its label the legend "caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription."

(c) In fulfilling the responsibilities for nursing care each school nurse shall:

(1) Serve as a health advocate for pupils;

(2) counsel and teach individuals, families and groups about health, illness and promote health maintenance;

(3) serve as a health consultant and as a resource to teachers and administrators serving pupils having health services needs during school attendance hours; and

(4) utilize theories, skills of communication and the teaching-learning process to increase the health, knowledge and functioning of the multidisciplinary education evaluation team as the strengths and weakness of pupils are assessed. The recommendations for appropriate educational placement shall be made from the team evaluation.

(d) The full utilization of the services of a licensed registered professional nurse may be supplemented by the delegation and supervision of selected nursing tasks to unlicensed personnel. (Authorized by K.S.A. 65-1129; implementing K.S.A. 65-1113 and K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 65-1124; effective, T-89-23, May 27, 1988; amended, T-60-9-12-88, Sept. 12, 1988; amended Feb. 13, 1989.)

60-15-102. Delegation Procedures. Delegation of nursing tasks to a designated unlicensed person in the school setting shall comply with the following recommendations:

(a) Each licensed registered professional nurse shall assess the pupil's nursing care needs and formulate a written nursing plan of care before delegating any nursing task to an unlicensed person.

(b) The selected nursing task to be delegated shall be one that a reasonable and prudent licensed registered professional nurse determines to be within the scope of sound nursing judgment and which can be performed properly and safely by an unlicensed person.

(c) Activities of daily living, defined in K.A.R. 60-15-101 (b) as basic caretaking may be performed without delegation. Activities of daily living, defined as specialized caretaking in K.A.R. 60-15-101 (b) shall be assessed and delegated as appropriate.

(d) The selected nursing task shall not require the designated unlicensed person to exercise nursing judgment or intervention except in emergency situations.

(e) The designated unlicensed person to whom the nursing task is delegated shall be adequately identified by name in writing for each delegated task.

(f) The licensed registered professional nurse shall orient and instruct in the performance of the nursing task. Return demonstration of the competency necessary to perform the delegated task shall be documented in writing. The designated unlicensed person shall co-sign the documentation indicating the person's concurrence with this competency evaluation.

(g) The licensed registered professional nurse shall be accountable and responsible for the delegated nursing task. The licensed registered professional nurse shall:

- (1) Participate in periodic and joint evaluations of the services rendered; and
- (2) record and monitor recorded services.

(h) The licensed registered professional nurse shall adequately supervise the performance of the delegated nursing task in accordance with the requirements of K.A.R. 60-15-103 of this regulation. (Authorized by K.S.A. 65-1129; implementing K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 65-1124; effective, T-89-23, May 27, 1988; amended, T-60-9-12-88, Sept. 12, 1988; amended Feb. 13, 1989.)

60-15-103. Supervision of Delegated Tasks. All nursing tasks delegated to a designated unlicensed person in the school setting shall be supervised in accordance with the following conditions:

(a) The degree of supervision required shall be determined by the licensed registered professional nurse after an assessment of appropriate factors including:

- (1) The health status and stability of the pupil;
- (2) the complexity of the task to be delegated;
- (3) the training and competency of the designated unlicensed person to whom the task is to be delegated; and

(4) the proximity and availability of the licensed registered professional nurse to the designated unlicensed person when the selected nursing task will be performed.

(b) The delegating licensed registered professional nurse may designate whether the nursing task is one which may be supervised by a licensed practical nurse.

(c) Each delegating licensed registered professional nurse shall designate an alternate supervising registered professional nurse or licensed practical nurse. The delegating nurse or designated alternate shall be readily available either in person or by telecommunication. (Authorized by K.S.A. 65-1129; implementing K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 65-1124; effective, T-89-23, May 27, 1988; amended, T-69-9-12-88, Sept. 12, 1988; amended Feb. 13, 1989.)

60-15-104. Administration of Medications in the School Setting. The administration of medications shall be delegated only in accordance with this regulation.

(a) A licensed registered professional nurse may delegate the administration of medications to unlicensed persons if:

- (1) The administration of the initial dose of a medication has been previously administered to the pupil;
- (2) the administration does not require calculation of any medication dosage. Measuring a prescribed amount of liquid medication or breaking a tablet for administration is not calculation of medication dosage.

(b) The following acts shall not be delegated to unlicensed persons:

- (1) The administration of medications by intravenous or intramuscular injection route;
- (2) the administration of medications through intermittent positive pressure breathing machines; or
- (3) the administration of medications through a tube inserted into a cavity of the body with the exception of medications administered through feeding tubes.

(continued)

(Authorized by K.S.A. 1987 Supp. 65-1124; effective, T-89-23, May 27, 1988; amended, T-60-9-12-88, Sept. 12, 1988; amended Feb. 13, 1989.)

DR. LOIS RICH SCIBETTA
Executive Administrator

Doc. No. 007326

State of Kansas
KANSAS INSURANCE DEPARTMENT
**TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATIVE
REGULATIONS**

**Article 4.—ACCIDENT AND
HEALTH INSURANCE**

40-4-35. Medicare supplement policies; minimum standards; requirements. Sections 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 of the national association of insurance commissioners' model regulation for minimum standards for medicare supplement insurance, September 1988 edition, are hereby adopted by reference, subject to the following additions or exceptions:

(a) Section 3 is hereby amended to read as follows: "C. This regulation shall not apply to:

(1) Medicare supplement policies issued to employees or members as additions to franchise plans in existence on the effective date of this regulation;

(2) a policy or contract of one or more employers or labor organizations, or of the trustees of a fund established by one or more employers or labor organizations, or combination thereof, for employees or former employees, or a combination thereof, or for members or former members, or a combination thereof, of the labor organizations; and

(3) individual policies or contracts issued pursuant to a conversion privilege under a policy or contract of group or individual insurance when such group or individual policy or contract includes provisions which are inconsistent with the requirements of this regulation."

(b) Section 3 is hereby amended by the addition of subsection D. which reads: "This regulation shall supersede any other Kansas administrative regulation to the extent the regulation or any provision of it is inconsistent with or contrary to this regulation."

(c) Section 4 is hereby amended to read as follows: "For purposes of this regulation:

(A) "Applicant" means:

(1) in the case of an individual medicare supplement policy or subscriber contract, the person who seeks to contract for insurance benefits; and

(2) in the case of a group medicare supplement policy or subscriber contract, the proposed certificate holder.

(B) "Certificate" means any certificate issued under a group medicare supplement policy which has been delivered or issued for delivery in this state.

(C) "Medicare supplement policy" means a group or individual policy of accident and sickness insurance or a subscriber contract of hospital and medical services which is advertised, marketed or designed

primarily as a supplement to reimbursements under medicare for the hospital, medical and surgical expenses of persons eligible for medicare by reason of age.

(D) "Medicare" means the "Health Insurance for the Aged Act," Title XVIII of the social security amendments of 1965, as then constituted or later amended.

(d) Section 5(A)(2) is hereby amended to read as follows: "Such definition may provide that injuries shall not include injuries for which benefits are provided under any workers' compensation, employer's liability or similar law, or motor vehicle no-fault plan, unless prohibited by law."

(e) The proviso in section 6(A) is hereby amended to read as follows: "Medicare supplement policies, when issued, shall not contain limitations or exclusions of the type enumerated in subsections (1) through (10) above that are more restrictive than those of medicare, or with respect to group policies, limitations or exclusions that are prohibited by K.S.A. 40-2,105 and any amendments thereto. Medicare supplement policies may exclude coverage for any expense to the extent of any benefit available to the insured under medicare."

(f) Section 7(A)(3) is hereby amended to read as follows: "Each medicare supplement policy shall provide that benefits designed to cover cost sharing amounts under medicare will be changed automatically to coincide with any changes in the applicable medicare deductible amount and co-payment percentage factors. Subject to any applicable statutory requirements, premium modification on medicare supplement policies to correspond with these changes shall be permitted."

(g) Section 7(B)(1) is hereby amended to read as follows: "Minimum Benefit Standards. Each medicare supplement policy shall provide coverage for all of the medicare part A inpatient hospital deductible amount."

(h) Section 9(B) is hereby amended to read as follows: "At least 60 percent of the aggregate amount of premiums earned in the case of individual policies."

(i) Section 12(C)(3) is hereby amended by the addition of the following: "(9) The amount of premium for this policy. The premiums for the policy or certificate shall be shown separately from the premiums for each optional benefit provided by the contract. (10) The name and address of the insurance agent, or employee of the insurer who assumes responsibility for completing the outline."

(j) Section 10 is hereby amended to read as follows: "Every insurer providing group medicare supplement insurance benefits to a resident of this state shall file a copy of any certificate at least 30 days prior to its use in this state in accordance with the filing requirements and procedures applicable to group medicare supplement policies issued in this state."

(k) Section 11 is hereby amended to read as follows: "No entity shall provide compensation to its agents or other producers and no agent or producer shall receive compensation greater than the renewal compensation

which would have been paid on an existing policy if the existing policy is replaced or if the existing policy or policies remain in effect when the new policy benefits are substantially similar to the benefits under the replaced or existing policy or both."

(1) Section 12(A)(5) is hereby amended to read as follows: "Medicare supplement policies or certificates shall have a notice prominently printed on the first page of the policy or certificate or attached thereto stating in substance that the policyholder or certificateholder shall have the right to return the policy or certificate within 30 days of its delivery and to have the premium refunded if, after examination of the policy or certificate, the insured person is not satisfied for any reason. Any refund made pursuant to this section shall be paid directly to the applicant by the insurer in a timely manner. Such notice shall be printed in not less than 10 point type and shall be printed in bold face type or in some other manner that distinguishes it from the print otherwise appearing in the policy."

(m) Section 13 is hereby amended by the addition of the following: "E. If a medicare supplement policy or certificate of insurance issued for delivery in this state replaces or is issued in addition to an existing medicare supplement policy, regardless of the company issuing the policy, the insurer issuing the new policy, in applying any deductibles, preexisting conditions provisions, waiting periods, elimination periods and probationary periods, shall give credit for the satisfaction or partial satisfaction of the same or smaller provisions under a previously existing plan. In the case of deductible provisions, the credit shall apply for the same or overlapping benefit periods and shall be given for expenses actually incurred and applied against the deductible provisions of the prior carrier's plan during the 90 days preceding the effective date of the succeeding carrier's plan, but only to the extent these expenses are recognized under the terms of the succeeding carrier's plan and are subject to a similar deductible provision." (Authorized by K.S.A. 40-103, 40-2221; implementing K.S.A. 40-2221; effective May 1, 1982; amended May 1, 1984; amended May 1, 1986; effective T-40-12-16-88, Dec. 16, 1988.)

40-4-35a. Medicare supplement policies; P.L. 100-360, transitional requirements. Sections 3, 4, 5, 6 and 8 of the national association of insurance commissioner's model regulation to implement transitional requirements for the conversion of medicare supplement insurance benefits and premiums to conform to medicare program revisions, June 1988 edition, are hereby adopted by reference. (Authorized by K.S.A. 40-103; implementing K.S.A. 40-2221; effective T-40-12-16-88, Dec. 16, 1988.)

FLETCHER BELL
Insurance Commissioner

Doc. No. 007327

(Published in the *Kansas Register*, December 29, 1988.)

NOTICE OF BOND SALE

\$325,000

Capital Outlay General Obligation Bonds

Series 1989

Unified School District 413

Neosho County, Kansas

(general obligation bonds payable
from unlimited ad valorem taxes)

The Bids

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Education of Unified School District 413, Neosho County, Kansas, at the district office, 410 S. Evergreen, Chanute, KS 66720, until 12:15 p.m. C.S.T. on January 10, 1989, for the purchase of \$325,000 principal amount of Capital Outlay General Obligation Sewer Bonds, Series 1988, of the district. All bids will be publicly opened and read at said time and place and will be acted upon by the board of education of the district immediately thereafter. No other bids will be considered.

Bond Details

The bonds shall consist of fully registered bonds in the denomination of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. The bonds will be dated February 1, 1989, and will become due serially on August 1 in the years as follows:

Maturity Date	Principal Amount
August 1: 1990	\$55,000
1991	60,000
1992	65,000
1993	70,000
1994	75,000

The bonds will bear interest from the date thereof at rates to be determined when the bonds are sold as hereinafter provided, which interest will be payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 in each year, beginning on February 1, 1990. The principal of the bonds shall be payable in lawful money of the United States of America at the principal office of the Kansas State Treasurer, Topeka, Kansas (the paying agent and bond registrar), to the registered owners thereof upon presentation of bonds for payment and cancellation. Interest on the bonds shall be payable in lawful money of the United States of America by check or draft of the paying agent to the registered owners thereof whose names are on the registration books of the bond registrar as of the 15th day (whether or not a business day) of the calendar month next preceding such interest payment date. The bonds will be registered pursuant to a plan of registration approved by the district and the Kansas Attorney General.

Costs

The district will pay for the fees of the bond registrar for registration and transfer of the bonds and will also pay for printing a reasonable supply of registered bond blanks. Any additional costs or fees that might be incurred in the secondary market, other than fees of the bond registrar, will be the responsibility of the bondowners.

Authority

The bonds are being issued pursuant to K.S.A. 72-8801 *et seq.* and 10-101 *et seq.*, as amended, for the purpose of paying a portion of the costs of making improvements to the high school facility in the district. The bonds and

(continued)

the interest thereon will constitute general obligations of the district, payable from ad valorem taxes which may be levied without limitation as to rate or amount upon all the taxable tangible property, real and personal, within the territorial limits of the district.

Conditions of Bids

Bids for the bonds will specify such rate or rates of interest at which the bidder proposes to purchase the bonds, subject to the following conditions: The same rate shall apply to all bonds of the same maturity. Each interest rate specified shall be a multiple of 1/8 or 1/20 of 1 percent. No interest rate may exceed a rate equal to the index of treasury bonds published by the weekly *Credit Markets* in New York, New York, on the Monday next preceding the day on which the bonds are sold, plus 2 percent. The difference between the highest and the lowest rate specified cannot exceed 2 percent. No bid of less than the entire par value of the bonds and accrued interest thereon to the date of delivery will be considered. Each bid must specify the total interest cost to the district during the term of the bonds on the basis of such bid, the premium, if any, offered by the bidder, and the net interest cost to the district on the basis of such bid—all certified by the bidder to be correct—and the district will be entitled to rely on the certificate of correctness of the bidder. Each bid also must specify the average annual net interest rate to the district on the basis of such bid.

All bids must be made on forms which may be procured from the secretary of the board. Each bid shall be accompanied by a cashier's or certified check drawn on a bank located in the United States of America in the amount of \$6,500 (2 percent of the principal amount of the bonds), payable to the order of the district to secure the district from any loss resulting from the failure of the bidder to comply with the terms of the bid. If a bid is accepted, said check, or the proceeds thereof, will be held by the district until the bidder has complied with all of the terms and conditions of this notice. If a bid is accepted but the district fails to deliver the bonds to the bidder in accordance with the terms and conditions of this notice, said check, or the proceeds thereof, will be returned to the bidder. If a bid is accepted but the bidder defaults in the performance of any of the terms and conditions of this notice, the proceeds of such check shall be forfeited to the district. No interest will be paid upon the successful bidder's good faith check.

Bids must be submitted in sealed envelopes addressed to the undersigned secretary of the board, and marked "Bond Bid." Bids may be submitted by mail or delivered in person to the undersigned at the district office.

The award of the bonds will be made on the basis of the lowest net interest cost to the district, which will be determined by subtracting the amount of the premium bid, if any, from the total interest cost to the district. If there is any discrepancy between the net interest cost and the average annual net interest rate specified, the specified net interest cost shall govern and the interest rates specified in the bid shall be adjusted accordingly. If two or more proper bids providing for identical amounts for the lowest net interest cost are received, the board will determine which bid, if any, will be accepted, and its determination is final. The district reserves the right to reject any and all bids and to waive any irregularities in a submitted bid. Any bid received after 12:15 p.m. on the date of sale will be returned to the bidder unopened.

As a condition of the bid, at least one week prior to the delivery of the bonds, the successful bidder shall furnish to the district the reoffering prices to the public and a certificate stating that a substantial amount of the bonds has been sold to the public (excluding bond houses, brokers or similar persons or organizations acting in the capacity of underwriters or wholesalers) at such reoffering prices. The certificate must be executed by the successful bidder and furnished to the district at the time of closing.

Delivery and Payment

The district will pay for printing the bonds and will deliver the same properly prepared, executed and registered without cost to the successful bidder on or before February 24, 1989, at a location in the state of Kansas or Kansas City, Missouri, to be specified by the successful bidder. The successful bidder will be furnished with a certified transcript of the proceedings evidencing the authorization and issuance of the bonds and the usual closing documents, including a certificate that there is no litigation pending or threatened at the time of delivery of the bonds affecting their validity. Payment for the bonds must be made in funds immediately subject to use by the district.

The number and denominations of the bonds and the names, addresses and Social Security or taxpayer identification numbers of the initial registered owners must be submitted in writing by the successful bidder to the bond registrar at least two weeks prior to the date of delivery. In the absence of such information, the district will deliver one bond per maturity registered in the name of the manager of the successful bidder.

CUSIP Identification Numbers

CUSIP identification numbers will be printed on the bonds. All expenses in relation to printing of CUSIP numbers on the bonds and the expenses charged by the CUSIP Service Bureau for the assignment of said numbers shall be the responsibility of and shall be paid for by the district.

Assessed Valuation and Indebtedness

The assessed valuation of taxable tangible property within the district, for the year 1988, is as follows:

Assessed valuation of taxable tangible property . . .	\$36,484,831
Taxable value of motor vehicles	7,422,167
Equalized assessed tangible valuation for computation of bonded debt limitations	43,906,998

The district has a present general obligation indebtedness of \$5,755,000.

Approval of Bonds

The bonds will be sold subject to the legal opinion of Cosgrove, Webb & Oman, Topeka, Kansas, bond counsel, whose approving legal opinion as to the validity of the bonds will be furnished and paid for by the district, printed on the bonds and delivered to the successful bidder as and when the bonds are delivered.

The opinion will state that, assuming continuing compliance by the district with the provisions contained in the bond resolution, the interest on the bonds is, under existing law: (a) excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes, and (b) not an item of tax preference for purposes of the federal alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals and corporations, provided that for the purpose of computing alternative minimum tax imposed on corporations, bond interest is taken into account

in determining adjusted net book income (adjusted current earnings for taxable years ending after December 31, 1989). The opinion set forth in clause (a) above is subject to the compliance by the district with all requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the bonds in order that interest thereon be excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with those requirements could cause the interest on the bonds to be included in federal gross income retroactive to the date of issuance of the bonds. The district has covenanted to comply with all such requirements. The opinion will state that the bonds are exempt from intangible personal property taxes levied by Kansas counties, cities and townships and interest on the bonds is excluded from computation of Kansas adjusted gross income. No further opinion concerning the tax consequences, other than the above, is or will be given.

The district has declared the bonds to be "qualified tax-exempt obligations" within the meaning of Section 265 of the code, which provides in effect that a deduction is allowed for 80 percent of that portion of interest expense allocable to interest on the bonds held by certain financial institutions designated in that section.

Related Federal Tax Matters

Prospective bond purchasers are advised that: (a) except as stated above, Section 265 of the code denies a deduction for interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or hold the bonds; (b) with respect to insurance companies subject to the tax imposed by Section 831 of the code, Section 832 of the code reduces the deduction for loss reserves by a percentage of the sum of certain items which include interest on the bonds; (c) for taxable years beginning before January 1, 1992, interest on the bonds earned by some corporations might be subject to the environmental tax imposed by Section 59A of the code; (d) interest on the bonds earned by certain foreign corporations doing business in the United States could be subject to the tax imposed by Section 884 of the code; (e) passive investment income, including interest on the bonds, may be subject to federal income taxation under Section 1375 of the code for Subchapter S corporations that have Subchapter C earnings and profits if greater than 25 percent of the gross receipts of the Subchapter S corporation is passive investment income; and (f) Section 86 of the code requires recipients of certain Social Security and railroad retirement benefits to take receipts or accruals of interest on the bonds into account in determining gross income. Bondholders should consult their tax advisors with respect to the above.

Preliminary Official Statement and Official Statement

The school district has prepared a preliminary official statement, copies of which may be obtained from the district's financial advisor. Upon the sale of the bonds, the board will approve the final official statement and will furnish the successful bidder a reasonable number of copies thereof without additional debt.

Official Information

Additional copies of this notice of bond sale, the official bid form, or further information may be obtained from John C. McArthur, Beecroft, Cole & Company, Inc., One

Townsite Plaza, 6th and Kansas Ave., Topeka, KS 66603, (913) 234-5671, the school district's financial advisor.

UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT 413
NEOSHO COUNTY, KANSAS
By Joan Colvin, Clerk
Board of Education

Doc. No. 007341

(Published in the *Kansas Register*, December 29, 1988.)

NOTICE OF BOND SALE
\$600,000
Riley County, Kansas
General Obligation Bonds
Series 1988-3
(Road)

Sealed Bids

Sealed bids for the purchase of \$600,000 principal amount of General Obligation Bonds, Series 1988-3 (Road), of the county hereinafter described, will be received by the undersigned, county clerk of Riley County, Kansas, on behalf of the governing body of the county at the office of the Riley County Clerk, 110 Courthouse Plaza, Manhattan, until 11 a.m. C.S.T. on Thursday, January 5, 1989. All bids will be publicly opened and read at said time and place and will be acted upon by the county immediately thereafter. No oral or auction bids will be considered.

Bond Details

The bonds will consist of fully registered bonds without coupons in the denomination of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. The bonds will be dated January 1, 1989, and will become due serially on January 1 in the years as follows:

Year	Principal Amount
1990	\$40,000
1991	45,000
1992	50,000
1993	50,000
1994	55,000
1995	65,000
1996	65,000
1997	70,000
1998	75,000
1999	85,000

The bonds will bear interest at rates to be determined when the bonds are sold as hereinafter provided, which interest will be payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1 in each year, beginning January 1, 1990.

Place of Payment and Bond Registration

The principal of and interest on the bonds will be payable in lawful money of the United States of America by check or draft of the Kansas State Treasurer, Topeka, Kansas (the paying agent and bond registrar). The principal of the bonds will be payable at maturity to the registered owners upon presentation and surrender of the bonds at the office of the paying agent. Interest on the bonds will be paid by check or draft mailed by the paying agent to the persons in whose names the bonds are registered on the registration books maintained by the bond registrar at the close of business on the record date for

(continued)

such interest, which shall be the 15th day (whether or not a business day) of the calendar month next preceding such interest payment date.

The county will pay for the fees of the bond registrar for registration and transfer of the bonds and will also pay for printing a reasonable supply of registered bond blanks. Any additional costs or fees that might be incurred in the secondary market, other than fees of the bond registrar, will be the responsibility of the bondholders.

Redemption of Bonds Prior to Maturity

The bonds shall not be subject to redemption prior to their respective stated maturities.

Conditions of Bids

Proposals will be received on the bonds bearing such rate or rates of interest as may be specified by the bidders, subject to the following conditions: The same rate shall apply to all bonds of the same maturity. Each interest rate specified shall be a multiple of $\frac{1}{8}$ or $\frac{1}{32}$ of 1 percent. No interest rate shall exceed the index of treasury bonds published by the weekly *Credit Markets* in New York, New York, on the Monday next preceding the day on which the bonds are sold, plus 2 percent. The difference between the highest rate specified and the lowest rate specified shall not exceed 2 percent. No supplemental interest payments will be authorized. No bid of less than the principal amount of the bonds and accrued interest will be considered. Each bid shall specify the total interest cost to the county during the life of the bond issue on the basis of such bid, the premium, if any, offered by the bidder, and the net interest cost to the county on the basis of such bid. Each bid shall also specify the average annual net interest rate to the county on the basis of such bid. Bidders shall specify in the bid form the prices (exclusive of accrued interest), expressed as a dollar price, at which the bidder intends that each maturity amount of the bonds shall be initially offered to the public (the initial reoffering prices).

Basis of Award

The award of the bonds will be made on the basis of the lowest net interest cost to the county, which will be determined by subtracting the amount of the premium bid, if any, from the total interest cost to the county. If there is any discrepancy between the net interest cost and the average annual net interest rate specified, the specified net interest cost shall govern and the interest rates specified in the bid shall be adjusted accordingly. If two or more proper bids providing for identical amounts for the lowest net interest cost are received, the county shall determine which bid, if any, shall be accepted, and its determination shall be final.

Authorization, Purpose and Security for the Bonds

The bonds are being authorized and issued to permanently finance improvements to certain roads of the county. The bonds will be general obligations of the county payable as to both principal and interest from ad valorem taxes which may be levied without limitation as to rate or amount upon all the taxable tangible property, real and personal, within the territorial limits of the county.

Tax Exemption

The Internal Revenue Code of 1986 imposes require-

ments on the county that must be met subsequent to the issuance of the bonds by the county and, as a result, the county will and does hereby covenant that it will diligently undertake those steps necessary to maintain the tax-exempt status of the bonds. The county's failure to comply with such requirements could adversely affect the tax-exempt status of the bonds. Purchasers of the bonds should be aware that should the bonds lose their status as tax-exempt obligations as a result of the county's failure to comply with such requirements, the bonds are neither callable nor will the rate of interest on the bonds be adjusted to reflect such circumstances.

The code includes interest on tax-exempt obligations, such as the bonds, in the adjusted net book income of certain corporations for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986, and includes, through 1989, in the calculation of alternative minimum taxable income one-half of the excess of a corporation's adjusted net book income over its alternative minimum taxable income (determined without regard to this adjustment and prior to reduction for certain net operating losses). After 1989, the use of "book income" will be replaced by "adjusted current earnings," with certain other adjustments. Furthermore, Section 59A of the code, as added by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, provides for a new environmental tax generally based on corporate alternative minimum taxable income. The amount of the tax is equal to 0.12 percent of the excess of alternative minimum taxable income, without regard to net operating losses and the deduction for this tax, over \$2 million. The environmental tax is imposed whether or not the taxpayer is subject to the alternative minimum tax. The environmental tax, which is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986, may subject bondowners to additional taxation for interest earned on the bonds.

The code also requires property and casualty insurance companies, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1987, to reduce the amount of their deductible underwriting losses by a percentage of the amount of tax-exempt interest received or accrued on obligations acquired after August 7, 1986.

With the exception of certain "qualified tax-exempt obligations," the code provides that banks and thrift institutions may not deduct any portion of the interest cost of purchasing or carrying tax-exempt obligations such as the bonds if such interest cost is incurred in taxable years ending after December 31, 1986, with respect to obligations acquired after August 7, 1986. The county intends to designate the bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" under Section 265 of the code.

Interest on obligations of the state of Kansas or its political subdivisions issued after December 31, 1987, is excludable from computation of Kansas adjusted gross income. Interest on the bonds will therefore be excludable from computation of Kansas adjusted gross income for taxable years commencing after December 31, 1987.

Legal Opinion

The bonds will be sold subject to the legal opinion of Nichols and Wolfe Chartered, Topeka, Kansas, bond counsel, whose approving legal opinion as to the validity of the bonds will be furnished and paid for by the county, printed on the bonds and delivered to the successful bid-

der when the bonds are delivered. Said opinion will also state that in the opinion of bond counsel, assuming continued compliance by the county with the provisions of the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds and the code, under existing law, the interest on the bonds is excludable from federal income taxation and is excludable from the computation of Kansas adjusted gross income.

Delivery and Payment

The county will pay for printing the bonds and will deliver the bonds, without cost to the successful bidder, properly prepared, executed and registered, on or prior to February 1, 1989, at such bank or trust company in the state of Kansas or Kansas City, Missouri, as may be specified by the successful bidder. Delivery elsewhere will be at the expense of the successful bidder. Said bidder will also be furnished with a certified transcript of the proceedings evidencing the authorization and issuance of the bonds and the usual closing documents, including a certificate that there is no litigation pending or threatened at the time of delivery of the bonds affecting their validity. Payment for the bonds shall be made in Federal Reserve funds, immediately subject to use by the county. The denominations of the bonds and the names, addresses and Social Security or taxpayer identification numbers of the registered owners shall be submitted in writing by the successful bidder to the county and bond registrar not later than 4 p.m. C.S.T. on January 12, 1989. In the absence of such information, the county will deliver bonds in the denomination of each maturity registered in the name of the successful bidder.

The successful bidder shall furnish the county by 4 p.m. C.S.T. on January 12, 1989, a certificate acceptable to the county's bond counsel to the effect that: (i) the successful bidder has made a bona fide public offering of the bonds at the initial reoffering prices, and (ii) a substantial amount of the bonds was sold to the public (excluding brokers and other intermediaries) at such initial reoffering prices. Such certificate shall state that: (1) it is made on the best knowledge, information and belief of the successful bidder, and (2) 10 percent or more in par amount of the bonds of each maturity was sold to the public at or below the initial reoffering prices (such amount being sufficient to establish the sale of a "substantial amount" of the bonds).

Good Faith Deposit

Each bid shall be accompanied by a cashier's or certified check drawn on a bank located in the United States of America in the amount of \$12,000, payable to the order of the county to secure the county from any loss resulting from the failure of the bidder to comply with the terms of the bid. No interest will be paid upon the deposit made by the successful bidder. Said check shall be returned to the bidder if the bid is not accepted. If a bid is accepted, said check shall be held by the county until the bidder shall have complied with all of the terms and conditions of this notice, at which time said check shall be returned to the successful bidder or deducted from the purchase price at the option of the county. If a bid is accepted but the county shall fail to deliver the bonds to the bidder in accordance with the terms and conditions of this notice, said check shall be returned to the bidder.

If a bid is accepted but the bidder shall default in the performance of any of the terms and conditions of this notice, the proceeds of such check shall be retained by the county as and for liquidated damages.

CUSIP Numbers

CUSIP identification numbers will be printed on the bonds, but neither the failure to print such number on any bond nor any error with respect thereto shall constitute cause for failure or refusal by the purchaser thereof to accept delivery of and pay for the bonds in accordance with the terms of this notice. All expenses in relation to the assignment and printing of CUSIP numbers on the bonds will be paid by the county.

Bid Forms

All bids must be made on forms which may be procured from the county clerk. No additions or alterations in such forms shall be made and any erasures may cause rejection of any bid. The county reserves the right to waive irregularities and to reject any or all bids.

Submission of Bids

Bids must be submitted in sealed envelopes addressed to the undersigned county clerk and marked "Proposal for the Purchase of General Obligation Bonds—Road." Bids may be submitted by mail or delivered in person to the undersigned at 110 Courthouse Plaza, Manhattan, and must be received by the undersigned prior to 11 a.m. C.S.T. on Thursday, January 5, 1989.

Assessed Valuation and Indebtedness

The total assessed valuation of the taxable tangible property within the county for the year 1988 is \$155,764,503. The total general obligation bonded indebtedness of the county as of the date of the bonds, including the bonds, is \$3,207,271.37. Additional copies of this notice may be obtained from the county clerk for Riley County, Kansas.

Dated December 22, 1988.

RILEY COUNTY, KANSAS

Wanda Coder

County Clerk

110 Courthouse Plaza

Manhattan, KS 66502

(913) 537-6300

Doc. No. 007343

(Published in the *Kansas Register*, December 29, 1988.)

NOTICE OF BOND SALE

\$300,000

Riley County, Kansas

General Obligation Bonds

Series 1988-2

(Public Building)

Sealed Bids

Sealed bids for the purchase of \$300,000 principal amount of General Obligation Bonds, Series 1988-2 (Public Building), of the county hereinafter described, will be received by the undersigned, county clerk of Riley County, Kansas, on behalf of the governing body of the county at the office of the Riley County Clerk, 110 Courthouse Plaza, Manhattan, until 10:30 a.m. C.S.T. on Thursday, January 5, 1989. All bids will be publicly

(continued)

opened and read at said time and place and will be acted upon by the county immediately thereafter. No oral or auction bids will be considered.

Bond Details

The bonds will consist of fully registered bonds without coupons in the denomination of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof. The bonds will be dated January 1, 1989, and will become due serially on January 1 in the years as follows:

Year	Principal Amount
1990	\$20,000
1991	25,000
1992	25,000
1993	25,000
1994	30,000
1995	35,000
1996	35,000
1997	35,000
1998	35,000
1999	35,000

The bonds will bear interest at rates to be determined when the bonds are sold as hereinafter provided, which interest will be payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1 in each year, beginning January 1, 1990.

Place of Payment and Bond Registration

The principal of and interest on the bonds will be payable in lawful money of the United States of America by check or draft of the Kansas State Treasurer, Topeka, Kansas (the paying agent and bond registrar). The principal of the bonds will be payable at maturity to the registered owners upon presentation and surrender of the bonds at the office of the paying agent. Interest on the bonds will be paid by check or draft mailed by the paying agent to the persons in whose names the bonds are registered on the registration books maintained by the bond registrar at the close of business on the record date for such interest, which shall be the 15th day (whether or not a business day) of the calendar month next preceding such interest payment date.

The county will pay for the fees of the bond registrar for registration and transfer of the bonds and will also pay for printing a reasonable supply of registered bond blanks. Any additional costs or fees that might be incurred in the secondary market, other than fees of the bond registrar, will be the responsibility of the bondholders.

Redemption of Bonds Prior to Maturity

The bonds shall not be subject to redemption prior to their respective stated maturities.

Conditions of Bids

Proposals will be received on the bonds bearing such rate or rates of interest as may be specified by the bidders, subject to the following conditions: The same rate shall apply to all bonds of the same maturity. Each interest rate specified shall be a multiple of $\frac{1}{8}$ or $\frac{1}{20}$ of 1 percent. No interest rate may exceed the index of treasury bonds published by the weekly *Credit Markets* in New York, New York, on the Monday next preceding the day on which the bonds are sold, plus 2 percent. The difference between the highest rate specified and the lowest rate specified shall not exceed 2 percent. No supplemental interest payments will be authorized. No bid of less than the principal amount of the bonds and accrued interest

will be considered. Each bid shall specify the total interest cost to the county during the life of the bond issue on the basis of such bid, the premium, if any, offered by the bidder, and the net interest cost to the county on the basis of such bid. Each bid shall also specify the average annual net interest rate to the county on the basis of such bid. Bidders shall specify in the bid form the prices (exclusive of accrued interest), expressed as a dollar price, at which the bidder intends that each maturity amount of the bonds shall be initially offered to the public (the initial reoffering prices).

Basis of Award

The award of the bonds will be made on the basis of the lowest net interest cost to the county, which will be determined by subtracting the amount of the premium bid, if any, from the total interest cost to the county. If there is any discrepancy between the net interest cost and the average annual net interest rate specified, the specified net interest cost shall govern and the interest rates specified in the bid shall be adjusted accordingly. If two or more proper bids providing for identical amounts for the lowest net interest cost are received, the county shall determine which bid, if any, shall be accepted, and its determination shall be final.

Authorization, Purpose and Security for the Bonds

The bonds are being authorized and issued to permanently finance internal improvements to public buildings of the county. The bonds will be general obligations of the county payable as to both principal and interest from ad valorem taxes which may be levied without limitation as to rate or amount upon all the taxable tangible property, real and personal, within the territorial limits of the county.

Tax Exemption

The Internal Revenue Code of 1986 imposes requirements on the county that must be met subsequent to the issuance of the bonds by the county and, as a result, the county will and does hereby covenant that it will diligently undertake those steps necessary to maintain the tax-exempt status of the bonds. The county's failure to comply with such requirements could adversely affect the tax-exempt status of the bonds. Purchasers of the bonds should be aware that should the bonds lose their status as tax-exempt obligations as a result of the county's failure to comply with such requirements, the bonds are neither callable nor will the rate of interest on the bonds be adjusted to reflect such circumstances.

The code includes interest on tax-exempt obligations, such as the bonds, in the adjusted net book income of certain corporations for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986, and includes, through 1989, in the calculation of alternative minimum taxable income one-half of the excess of a corporation's adjusted net book income over its alternative minimum taxable income (determined without regard to this adjustment and prior to reduction for certain net operating losses). After 1989, the use of "book income" will be replaced by "adjusted current earnings," with certain other adjustments. Furthermore, Section 59A of the code, as added by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, provides for a new environmental tax generally based on corporate

alternative minimum taxable income. The amount of the tax is equal to 0.12 percent of the excess of alternative minimum taxable income, without regard to net operating losses and the deduction for this tax, over \$2 million. The environmental tax is imposed whether or not the taxpayer is subject to the alternative minimum tax. The environmental tax, which is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986, may subject bondowners to additional taxation for interest earned on the bonds.

The code also requires property and casualty insurance companies, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1987, to reduce the amount of their deductible underwriting losses by a percentage of the amount of tax-exempt interest received or accrued on obligations acquired after August 7, 1986.

With the exception of certain "qualified tax-exempt obligations," the code provides that banks and thrift institutions may not deduct any portion of the interest cost of purchasing or carrying tax-exempt obligations such as the bonds if such interest cost is incurred in taxable years ending after December 31, 1986, with respect to obligations acquired after August 7, 1986. The county intends to designate the bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" under Section 265 of the code.

Interest on obligations of the state of Kansas or its political subdivisions issued after December 31, 1987, is excludable from computation of Kansas adjusted gross income. Interest on the bonds will therefore be excludable from computation of Kansas adjusted gross income for taxable years commencing after December 31, 1987.

Legal Opinion

The bonds will be sold subject to the legal opinion of Nichols and Wolfe Chartered, Topeka, Kansas, bond counsel, whose approving legal opinion as to the validity of the bonds will be furnished and paid for by the county, printed on the bonds and delivered to the successful bidder when the bonds are delivered. Said opinion will also state that in the opinion of bond counsel, assuming continued compliance by the county with the provisions of the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds and the code, under existing law, the interest on the bonds is excludable from federal income taxation and is excludable from the computation of Kansas adjusted gross income.

Delivery and Payment

The county will pay for printing the bonds and will deliver the bonds, without cost to the successful bidder, properly prepared, executed and registered on or prior to February 1, 1989, at such bank or trust company in the state of Kansas or Kansas City, Missouri, as may be specified by the successful bidder. Delivery elsewhere will be at the expense of the successful bidder. Said bidder will also be furnished with a certified transcript of the proceedings evidencing the authorization and issuance of the bonds and the usual closing documents, including a certificate that there is no litigation pending or threatened at the time of delivery of the bonds affecting their validity. Payment for the bonds shall be made in Federal Reserve funds, immediately subject to use by the county. The denominations of the bonds and the names, addresses and Social Security or taxpayer identification numbers of the registered owners shall be submitted in writing by

the successful bidder to the county and bond registrar not later than 4 p.m. C.S.T. on January 12, 1989. In the absence of such information, the county will deliver bonds in the denomination of each maturity registered in the name of the successful bidder.

The successful bidder shall furnish the county by 4 p.m. C.S.T. on January 12, 1989, a certificate acceptable to the county's bond counsel to the effect that: (i) the successful bidder has made a bona fide public offering of the bonds at the initial reoffering prices, and (ii) a substantial amount of the bonds was sold to the public (excluding brokers and other intermediaries) at such initial reoffering prices. Such certificate shall state that: (1) it is made on the best knowledge, information and belief of the successful bidder, and (2) 10 percent or more in par amount of the bonds of each maturity was sold to the public at or below the initial reoffering prices (such amount being sufficient to establish the sale of a "substantial amount" of the bonds).

Good Faith Deposit

Each bid shall be accompanied by a cashier's or certified check drawn on a bank located in the United States of America in the amount of \$6,000, payable to the order of the county to secure the county from any loss resulting from the failure of the bidder to comply with the terms of the bid. No interest will be paid upon the deposit made by the successful bidder. Said check shall be returned to the bidder if the bid is not accepted. If a bid is accepted, said check shall be held by the county until the bidder shall have complied with all of the terms and conditions of this notice, at which time said check shall be returned to the successful bidder or deducted from the purchase price at the option of the county. If a bid is accepted but the county shall fail to deliver the bonds to the bidder in accordance with the terms and conditions of this notice, said check shall be returned to the bidder. If a bid is accepted but the bidder shall default in the performance of any of the terms and conditions of this notice, the proceeds of such check shall be retained by the county as and for liquidated damages.

CUSIP Numbers

CUSIP identification numbers will be printed on the bonds, but neither the failure to print such number on any bond nor any error with respect thereto shall constitute cause for failure or refusal by the purchaser thereof to accept delivery of and pay for the bonds in accordance with the terms of this notice. All expenses in relation to the assignment and printing of CUSIP numbers on the bonds will be paid by the county.

Bid Forms

All bids must be made on forms which may be procured from the county clerk. No additions or alterations in such forms shall be made and any erasures may cause rejection of any bid. The county reserves the right to waive irregularities and to reject any or all bids.

Submission of Bids

Bids must be submitted in sealed envelopes addressed to the undersigned county clerk and marked "Proposal for the Purchase of General Obligation Bonds—Public Building." Bids may be submitted by mail or delivered

(continued)

in person to the undersigned at 110 Courthouse Plaza, Manhattan, Kansas, and must be received by the undersigned prior to 10:30 a.m. C.S.T. on Thursday, January 5, 1989.

is \$2,907,271.37. Additional copies of this notice may be obtained from the county clerk for Riley County, Kansas. Dated December 19, 1988.

Assessed Valuation and Indebtedness

The total assessed valuation of the taxable tangible property within the county for the year 1988 is \$155,764,503. The total general obligation bonded indebtedness of the county as of the date of the bonds, including the bonds,

RILEY COUNTY, KANSAS
Wanda Coder
County Clerk
110 Courthouse Plaza
Manhattan, KS 66502
(913) 537-6300

Doc. No. 007342

INDEX TO ADMINISTRATIVE REGULATIONS

This index lists in numerical order the new, amended and revoked administrative regulations and the volume and page number of the Kansas Register issue in which more information can be found. This cumulative index supplements the index found in the 1987 Supplement to the Kansas Administrative Regulations.

AGENCY 1: DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION

Table with 3 columns: Reg. No., Action, Register. Lists regulations from 1-2-25 to 1-24-2.

AGENCY 4: BOARD OF AGRICULTURE

Table with 3 columns: Reg. No., Action, Register. Lists regulations from 4-1-17 to 4-10-2d.

Table with 3 columns: Reg. No., Action, Register. Lists regulations from 4-10-2i to 4-25-1.

AGENCY 5: BOARD OF AGRICULTURE—DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES

Table with 3 columns: Reg. No., Action, Register. Lists regulations from 5-10-1 to 5-25-4.

AGENCY 7: SECRETARY OF STATE

Table with 3 columns: Reg. No., Action, Register. Lists regulations 7-31-4 and 7-33-1.

AGENCY 9: ANIMAL HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Table with 3 columns: Reg. No., Action, Register. Lists regulations from 9-7-7 to 9-14-5.

AGENCY 11: STATE CONSERVATION COMMISSION

Table with 3 columns: Reg. No., Action, Register. Lists regulations 11-1-1 through 11-1-5.

Table with 3 columns: Reg. No., Action, Register. Lists regulations from 11-1-6 to 11-2-6.

AGENCY 13: ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL BOARD OF REVIEW

Table with 3 columns: Reg. No., Action, Register. Lists regulations from 13-1-1 to 13-6-1.

AGENCY 14: DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE—DIVISION OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL

Table with 3 columns: Reg. No., Action, Register. Lists regulations from 14-1-1 to 14-7-3.

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14-9-10	Revoked	V. 7, p. 783
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14-10-16	New	V. 7, p. 1401, 1402
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14-11-10c	Revoked	V. 7, p. 1876
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14-11-17	Revoked	V. 7, p. 1876
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14-14-5	Amended	V. 7, p. 1877
14-14-13	New	V. 7, p. 1878
14-16-1	Revoked	V. 7, p. 789
14-16-3	Revoked	V. 7, p. 789
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14-16-24	New	V. 7, p. 789-792
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14-19-9	Revoked	V. 7, p. 794
14-19-11	Revoked	V. 7, p. 794
14-19-12	Revoked	V. 7, p. 794
14-19-13	Revoked	V. 7, p. 794
14-19-14		
through		
14-19-37	New	V. 7, p. 794-801
14-20-1	Revoked	V. 7, p. 801
14-20-2	Revoked	V. 7, p. 801
14-20-4	Revoked	V. 7, p. 801
14-20-7		
through		
14-20-10	Revoked	V. 7, p. 801
14-20-14		
through		
14-20-39	New	V. 7, p. 801-809
14-21-1		
through		
14-21-20	New	V. 7, p. 809-816
14-22-1		
through		
14-22-14	New	V. 7, p. 816-821
14-22-16		
through		
14-22-20	New	V. 7, p. 822
14-23-1		
through		
14-23-15	New	V. 7, p. 822-826
14-23-3	Amended	V. 7, p. 1402

AGENCY 23: DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE AND PARKS

Reg. No.	Action	Register
23-1-9	Amended	V. 7, p. 1503
23-1-10	Amended	V. 7, p. 367
23-1-12	New	V. 7, p. 367
23-2-7	Amended	V. 7, p. 368
23-2-14	Amended	V. 7, p. 1503
23-2-14	Amended	V. 7, p. 1638
23-2-15	Amended	V. 7, p. 371
23-2-16	New	V. 7, p. 372
23-3-13	Amended	V. 7, p. 1504
23-5-1		
through		
23-5-8	New	V. 7, p. 1504, 1505
23-5-1		
through		
23-5-8	New	V. 7, p. 1639, 1640
23-7-7	Amended	V. 7, p. 1506
23-7-7	Amended	V. 7, p. 1640
23-8-2	Amended	V. 7, p. 1506
23-18-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 373
23-18-3	New	V. 7, p. 373
23-18-4	New	V. 7, p. 374
23-21-1		
through		
23-21-14	New	V. 7, p. 374-376

AGENCY 24: KANSAS WHEAT COMMISSION

Reg. No.	Action	Register
24-1-1	New	V. 7, p. 1357

AGENCY 25: GRAIN INSPECTION DEPARTMENT

Reg. No.	Action	Register
25-4-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 1396
25-4-4	Amended	V. 7, p. 221

AGENCY 26: DEPARTMENT ON AGING

Reg. No.	Action	Register
26-1-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 1332
26-1-5	Amended	V. 7, p. 1334
26-1-7	New	V. 7, p. 1334
26-2-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 1335
26-2-3	Amended	V. 7, p. 1335
26-2-5	Amended	V. 7, p. 1336
26-2-6	Amended	V. 7, p. 1336
26-2-9	New	V. 7, p. 1336
26-3-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 1337
26-3-4	Amended	V. 7, p. 1337
26-3-5	Amended	V. 7, p. 1338
26-3-6	Amended	V. 7, p. 1338
26-4-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 1059
26-4-4	Amended	V. 7, p. 1338
26-5-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 1338
26-5-2	Amended	V. 7, p. 1338
26-5-8	New	V. 7, p. 1339
26-6-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 1339
26-6-2	Amended	V. 7, p. 1340
26-6-3	Amended	V. 7, p. 1340
26-6-5	Amended	V. 7, p. 1340
26-6-6	Amended	V. 7, p. 1340

AGENCY 28: DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT

Reg. No.	Action	Register
28-4-285		
through		
28-4-294	New	V. 7, p. 1431-1434
28-4-285		
through		
28-4-294	New	V. 7, p. 1770-1773
28-4-525		
through		
28-4-529	New	V. 7, p. 714
28-14-2	Amended	V. 7, p. 714
28-15-35	Amended	V. 7, p. 714
28-15-36	Amended	V. 7, p. 714
28-16-56a	Amended	V. 7, p. 714
28-17-6	Amended	V. 7, p. 714
28-17-20	Amended	V. 7, p. 714

28-17-21	New	V. 7, p. 714
28-19-7	Amended	V. 7, p. 714
28-19-8	Amended	V. 7, p. 714
28-19-17f	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-19-18	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-19-19	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-19-53	New	V. 7, p. 715
28-19-61		
through		
28-19-66	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-19-69		
through		
28-19-75	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-19-84		
through		
28-19-96	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-19-98		
through		
28-19-106	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-19-106a	New	V. 7, p. 715
28-19-109	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-19-119		
through		
28-19-121a	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-19-123	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-19-124	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-19-125	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-19-127		
through		
28-19-141	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-19-149	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-19-150	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-19-153	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-19-154	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-19-155	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-19-158	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-19-159	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-31-1		
through		
28-31-4	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-31-6	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-31-8	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-31-8a	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-31-9	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-31-10	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-31-14	Amended	V. 7, p. 715
28-33-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 716
28-33-2		
through		
28-33-10	Revoked	V. 7, p. 716
28-35-146	Amended	V. 7, p. 716
28-35-147	Amended	V. 7, p. 716
28-39-77	Amended	V. 7, p. 716
28-39-83	Amended	V. 7, p. 716
28-39-87	Amended	V. 7, p. 716
28-39-114		
through		
28-39-129	Revoked	V. 7, p. 716
28-39-130	Revoked	V. 7, p. 716
28-39-131	Revoked	V. 7, p. 716
28-39-139		
through		
28-39-143	Revoked	V. 7, p. 716
28-39-300		
through		
28-39-312	New	V. 7, p. 716
28-39-400		
through		
28-39-411	New	V. 7, p. 716
28-50-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 716
28-50-2	Amended	V. 7, p. 716
28-50-4	Amended	V. 7, p. 716
28-50-5		
through		
28-50-9	Amended	V. 7, p. 716
28-50-9	Amended	V. 7, p. 1354
28-50-14	Amended	V. 7, p. 716
28-60-1		
through		
28-60-9	Amended	V. 7, p. 716
28-60-1		
through		
28-60-6	Amended	V. 7, p. 1740, 1741
28-60-7	Revoked	V. 7, p. 1742
28-60-9	Amended	V. 7, p. 1742

(continued)

88-8-1 through 88-8-8 88-9-1 through 88-9-6	New	V. 7, p. 465, 466
88-10-6	Amended	V. 7, p. 1632, 1633
88-11-7	Amended	V. 7, p. 466
88-13-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 467
88-13-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 1807
88-13-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 1944
88-13-4	Amended	V. 7, p. 1808
88-13-4	Amended	V. 7, p. 1944
88-13-11	Amended	V. 7, p. 1808
88-13-11	Amended	V. 7, p. 1945
88-14-1 through 88-14-4	New	V. 7, p. 467
88-15-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 1809
88-15-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 1910
88-15-2	Amended	V. 7, p. 1809
88-15-2	Amended	V. 7, p. 1910
88-16-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 1810
88-16-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 1911
88-16-1a	Amended	V. 7, p. 1810
88-16-1a	Amended	V. 7, p. 1911
88-16-2	Amended	V. 7, p. 1810
88-16-2	Amended	V. 7, p. 1912
88-16-5	Amended	V. 7, p. 1811
88-16-5	Amended	V. 7, p. 1912
88-17-2	New	V. 7, p. 468
88-17-3	New	V. 7, p. 468
88-17-4	New	V. 7, p. 468
88-18-1 through 88-18-8	New	V. 7, p. 1814, 1815
88-19-1 through 88-19-4	New	V. 7, p. 1815

**AGENCY 91: DEPARTMENT OF
EDUCATION**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
91-1-27	Amended	V. 7, p. 517
91-1-28	Amended	V. 7, p. 518
91-1-33	Amended	V. 7, p. 518
91-1-44	Amended	V. 7, p. 518
91-1-101b	New	V. 7, p. 519
91-1-107a	Amended	V. 7, p. 519
91-1-110b	New	V. 7, p. 520
91-1-112a	Amended	V. 7, p. 521
91-1-132a	Amended	V. 7, p. 521
91-1-146d	Amended	V. 7, p. 522
91-1-146e	New	V. 7, p. 523
91-1-147	Revoked	V. 7, p. 523
91-12-22 through 91-12-25	Amended	V. 7, p. 523-528
91-12-24	Revoked	V. 7, p. 1709
91-12-24a	New	V. 7, p. 1709
91-12-26	Revoked	V. 7, p. 1710
91-12-28	Amended	V. 7, p. 1710
91-12-31	Amended	V. 7, p. 529
91-12-32	Amended	V. 7, p. 529
91-12-40	Amended	V. 7, p. 530
91-12-50 through 91-12-55	Amended	V. 7, p. 531-534
91-12-58	Amended	V. 7, p. 535
91-12-61	Amended	V. 7, p. 1711
91-12-62	Amended	V. 7, p. 536
91-12-72	Amended	V. 7, p. 536
91-25-1a	Amended	V. 7, p. 537
91-25-1c	Amended	V. 7, p. 538
91-31-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 538
91-31-2	Amended	V. 7, p. 539
91-31-3	Amended	V. 7, p. 539
91-31-5	Amended	V. 7, p. 540
91-31-6	Amended	V. 7, p. 540
91-31-7	Amended	V. 7, p. 541
91-31-9	Amended	V. 7, p. 542
91-31-11	Amended	V. 7, p. 542
91-31-12a through 91-31-12h	Amended	V. 7, p. 542-544
91-31-13	Amended	V. 7, p. 544

91-31-14a	Amended	V. 7, p. 544
91-33-1 through 91-33-9	Amended	V. 7, p. 545-549
91-34-1 through 91-34-14	New	V. 7, p. 549-553

AGENCY 92: DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

Reg. No.	Action	Register
92-1-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 649
92-1-2	Amended	V. 7, p. 650
92-1-3	Amended	V. 7, p. 650
92-1-4 through 92-1-8	Revoked	V. 7, p. 650
92-12-106	New	V. 7, p. 650
92-13-10	Amended	V. 7, p. 651
92-19-3	Amended	V. 7, p. 651
92-19-5	Amended	V. 7, p. 651
92-19-6	Amended	V. 7, p. 651
92-19-8	Amended	V. 7, p. 651
92-19-9	Revoked	V. 7, p. 652
92-19-10	Amended	V. 7, p. 652
92-19-12	Amended	V. 7, p. 652
92-19-16	Amended	V. 7, p. 652
92-19-18	Amended	V. 7, p. 653
92-19-19	Amended	V. 7, p. 653
92-19-23	Amended	V. 7, p. 653
92-19-24	Amended	V. 7, p. 654
92-19-28	Amended	V. 7, p. 654
92-19-30	Amended	V. 7, p. 655
92-19-30a	New	V. 7, p. 656
92-19-31	Revoked	V. 7, p. 656
92-19-32	Amended	V. 7, p. 656
92-19-40	Amended	V. 7, p. 657
92-19-41	Revoked	V. 7, p. 657
92-19-46	New	V. 7, p. 657
92-19-47	New	V. 7, p. 657
92-19-49 through 92-19-59	New	V. 7, p. 658-662
92-19-61 through 92-19-66	New	V. 7, p. 662, 663
92-19-66a through 92-19-66d	New	V. 7, p. 664-666
92-19-67 through 92-19-80	New	V. 7, p. 666-670
92-19-80	Revoked	V. 7, p. 1036
92-20-11	Amended	V. 7, p. 1632
92-20-13	Amended	V. 7, p. 671
92-21-6	Amended	V. 7, p. 671
92-21-8	Amended	V. 7, p. 672
92-21-10	Amended	V. 7, p. 672
92-21-14	Amended	V. 7, p. 672
92-24-9	Amended	V. 7, p. 672
92-24-10	Amended	V. 7, p. 672
92-24-11	Amended	V. 7, p. 673
92-24-13	Amended	V. 7, p. 673
92-24-15 through 92-24-19	Amended	V. 7, p. 673, 674
92-24-20	Revoked	V. 7, p. 674
92-24-21 through 92-24-24	Amended	V. 7, p. 674
92-26-1 through 92-26-7	Amended	V. 7, p. 675-676
92-51-41	Amended	V. 7, p. 676
92-52-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 676

AGENCY 94: BOARD OF TAX APPEALS

Reg. No.	Action	Register
94-1-1 through 94-1-9	Revoked	V. 7, p. 469
94-2-1 through 94-2-12	Amended	V. 7, p. 469-473
94-3-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 473
94-3-2	Amended	V. 7, p. 473

**AGENCY 99: BOARD OF AGRICULTURE—
DIVISION OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
99-8-8	Amended	V. 7, p. 468
99-8-9	New	V. 7, p. 468
99-31-2 through 99-31-6	Amended	V. 7, p. 1838, 1839
99-32-1 through 99-32-6	Amended	V. 7, p. 468, 469

AGENCY 100: BOARD OF HEALING ARTS

Reg. No.	Action	Register
100-2-1	Revoked	V. 7, p. 474
100-2-3	Amended	V. 7, p. 474
100-2-5	Revoked	V. 7, p. 474
100-2-6	Revoked	V. 7, p. 474
100-5-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 474
100-5-2	Amended	V. 7, p. 474
100-5-3	Revoked	V. 7, p. 475
100-8-4	Amended	V. 7, p. 475
100-9-2	Revoked	V. 7, p. 475
100-10-1	Revoked	V. 7, p. 475
100-10a-1 through 100-10a-6	New	V. 7, p. 475-476
100-11-5	New	V. 7, p. 476
100-12-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 476
100-15-3	New	V. 7, p. 476
100-19-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 476
100-22-2	New	V. 7, p. 477
100-42-1	Revoked	V. 7, p. 477
100-42-2	Amended	V. 7, p. 477
100-46-5	Amended	V. 7, p. 477
100-54-1 through 100-54-9	New	V. 7, p. 477-480
100-55-1 through 100-55-8	New	V. 7, p. 480-483
100-60-7	Revoked	V. 7, p. 483
100-60-8 through 100-60-14	New	V. 7, p. 483-485

**AGENCY 102: BEHAVIORAL SCIENCES
REGULATORY BOARD**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
102-2-1a	Amended	V. 7, p. 461
102-2-4b	Amended	V. 7, p. 462
102-2-7	Amended	V. 7, p. 463
102-3-1	New	V. 7, p. 1258
102-3-2	Amended	V. 7, p. 464
102-3-3 through 102-3-13	New	V. 7, p. 1258-1263
102-4-1	New	V. 7, p. 1996
102-4-2	New	V. 7, p. 464
102-4-3 through 102-4-11	New	V. 7, 1997-2001

**AGENCY 104: CONSUMER CREDIT
COMMISSIONER**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
104-1-1	Revoked	V. 7, p. 398
104-1-2	New	V. 7, p. 398

**AGENCY 105: BOARD OF INDIGENTS'
DEFENSE SERVICES**

Reg. No.	Action	Register
105-2-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 1579
105-3-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 1579
105-3-2	Amended	V. 7, p. 1579
105-5-2	Amended	V. 7, p. 1579
105-5-6	Amended	V. 7, p. 1579
105-5-7	Amended	V. 7, p. 1580
105-5-8	Amended	V. 7, p. 1580
105-7-8	Amended	V. 7, p. 406
105-9-4	Revoked	V. 7, p. 1580
105-10-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 1580

AGENCY 108: STATE EMPLOYEES HEALTH CARE COMMISSION

Reg. No.	Action	Register
108-1-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 1581
108-1-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 1611

AGENCY 109: EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES BOARD

Reg. No.	Action	Register
109-1-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 485
109-2-5 through 109-2-8	Amended	V. 7, p. 486-488
109-5-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 489
109-5-3	Amended	V. 7, p. 490
109-6-1	New	V. 7, p. 491
109-8-1	New	V. 7, p. 1635
109-9-1	New	V. 7, p. 1635
109-9-2	New	V. 7, p. 1635
109-9-3	New	V. 7, p. 1635
109-10-1	New	V. 7, p. 1635
109-11-1 through 109-11-8	New	V. 7, p. 1635-1638

AGENCY 110: DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Reg. No.	Action	Register
110-1-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 434
110-1-2	Amended	V. 7, p. 434
110-2-1	New	V. 7, p. 434
110-2-2	New	V. 7, p. 435

AGENCY 111: THE KANSAS LOTTERY

Reg. No.	Action	Register
111-1-2	Amended	V. 7, p. 1190
111-1-5	New	V. 7, p. 1945
111-2-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 1995
111-3-1	Amended	V. 7, p. 1061
111-3-3	Revoked	V. 7, p. 1062
111-3-4	Revoked	V. 7, p. 1062
111-3-7	Revoked	V. 7, p. 1714
111-3-9	Amended	V. 7, p. 1190
111-3-10 through 111-3-31	New	V. 7, p. 201-206
111-3-10	Revoked	V. 7, p. 1062
111-3-13	Amended	V. 7, p. 1062
111-3-14	Amended	V. 7, p. 1062
111-3-16	Amended	V. 7, p. 1309

111-3-17	Revoked	V. 7, p. 1714
111-3-19 through 111-3-22	Amended	V. 7, p. 1309, 1310
111-3-20	Amended	V. 7, p. 1434
111-3-21	Amended	V. 7, p. 1606
111-3-25	New	V. 7, p. 1310
111-3-27	New	V. 7, p. 1310
111-3-30	Revoked	V. 7, p. 1310
111-3-32	New	V. 7, p. 931
111-3-33	New	V. 7, p. 1434
111-4-2	Amended	V. 7, p. 1063
111-4-4	Amended	V. 7, p. 1063
111-4-6	Amended	V. 7, p. 1434
111-4-7	Amended	V. 7, p. 1945
111-4-8	Amended	V. 7, p. 1064
111-4-12	Amended	V. 7, p. 1190
111-4-19	Revoked	V. 7, p. 206
111-4-22 through 111-4-40	Revoked	V. 7, p. 206, 207
111-4-41	Revoked	V. 7, p. 1435
111-4-42	Revoked	V. 7, p. 1435
111-4-43	Revoked	V. 7, p. 207
111-4-44	Revoked	V. 7, p. 1435
111-4-46 through 111-4-64	Revoked	V. 7, p. 207
111-4-66 through 111-4-77	New	V. 7, p. 207-209
111-4-67	Amended	V. 7, p. 1064
111-4-68	Amended	V. 7, p. 931
111-4-69	Amended	V. 7, p. 931
111-4-71	Amended	V. 7, p. 1190
111-4-71a	Amended	V. 7, p. 1435
111-4-72	Amended	V. 7, p. 1191
111-4-73	Amended	V. 7, p. 1191
111-4-73a	New	V. 7, p. 1223
111-4-74	Amended	V. 7, p. 931
111-4-77a	Amended	V. 7, p. 1310
111-4-78 through 111-4-82	New	V. 7, p. 1065, 1066
111-4-82a	New	V. 7, p. 1191
111-4-83 through 111-4-86	New	V. 7, p. 1076
111-4-87	New	V. 7, p. 1191
111-4-88 through 111-4-91	New	V. 7, p. 1223, 1224
111-4-92 through 111-4-95	New	V. 7, p. 1435, 1436

111-4-96 through 111-4-114	New	V. 7, p. 1606-1610
111-4-115 through 111-4-118	New	V. 7, p. 1946, 1947
111-4-99a	New	V. 7, p. 1807
111-4-99b	New	V. 7, p. 1807
111-5-1 through 111-5-23	New	V. 7, p. 209-213
111-6-1 through 111-6-15	New	V. 7, p. 213-217
111-6-16	New	V. 7, p. 1191
111-6-17	New	V. 7, p. 1191
111-7-1 through 111-7-10	New	V. 7, p. 1192, 1193
111-7-4	Amended	V. 7, p. 1610
111-7-5	Amended	V. 7, p. 1610
111-7-11	New	V. 7, p. 1224
111-7-12 through 111-7-32	New	V. 7, p. 1194-1196
111-7-27	Revoked	V. 7, p. 1436, 1437
111-7-28	Amended	V. 7, p. 1947
111-7-32a	New	V. 7, p. 1196
111-7-33 through 111-7-43	New	V. 7, p. 1197, 1198
111-7-33	Revoked	V. 7, p. 1437
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